ROBERT, PORTER & CO.'S
BULL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants, and Hotels.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,817—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
BRAND
Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1903.
M.L. EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne..	21st March
* MASSILIA	5011	G W Cookman	28th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	T. Leigh	4th April
* PENINSULAR	5294	A. G. Cubitt	11th "
M.L. BRITANNIA	8525	F. H. Seymour	18th "
* MASSILIA	5011	G. W. Cookman	25th "
M.L. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	2nd May
* PENINSULAR	5294	A. G. Cubitt	9th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7589	R. H. Gordon	16th "
* INDIA	7911	F. W. Vibert	23rd "
M.L. PENINSULAR	5234	A. G. Cubitt	30th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11-30 A.M. and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 10th March, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	P. Ivellich	4,116	1st April 1903.
IMPERATRIX	C. Bellen	4,194	1st May, 1903.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600,	Rs. 335,	Rs. 150.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TRIESTE	R. Mecgni	5,085	18th Mar. 1903
b AUSTRIA	P. Golledani	6,500	26th Mar. 1903
MAR. BAOQUEHEM	T. Passevich	4,499	18th April 1903
a b FRANZ FERDINAND	A. Martinolich	6,043	17th May 1903

a Will call at Karachi, b Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MELPOMENE		2,971	30th Mar., 1903

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 20th February, 1903.

W. W. & CO., BOMBAY.

WILLIAM WATSON & CO.,
PASSENGER & SHIPPING AGENTS.
BOMBAY.
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)

Book...PASSAGES and Ship ...CARGO } to { England and the Continent.
Book...PASSAGES and Ship ...CARGO } to { America and Australia.
Book...PASSAGES and Ship ...CARGO } to { Africa and China.

and to all PORTS of the WORLD.

Offices in BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, KARACHI, LONDON (Head Office). LIVERPOOL, MARSEILLES, PORT SAID CAPE TOWN, DURBAN, S. A. and JOHANNESBURG S. A.

WILLIAM WATSON & CO.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY, the 20th March, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 24th March, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KERBELLA," 1,993 tons, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th March, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Feo, Koweit, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KISTNA," 1,182 tons, on THURSDAY, 19th March at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "PALITANA," 2,998 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 19th March.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CULNA," 2,026 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 21st March.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17th March, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th April, 1903.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	G. Canepa	15th May, 1903.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580.	M. Saporiti	15th June, 1903.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 1 year	" 900	" 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 800; 2nd Class, Rs. 600, Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

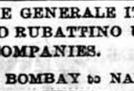
BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
ISCHIA	6,000	A. Murio	17th April 1903.
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th May 1903.

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Esplanade Road, No. 27.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Dupuy Fromy	9th Apr. 1903.
TONKIN	6,363	Schmitz	7th May 1903.
CALEDONIEN	4,232	X	4th June 1903.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONKIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S.S. "CALEDONIEN," 4,232 tons, Captain X....., to sail on or about the 1st April, 1903.
For further particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS, Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-plate Printing and Lithographing orders. For rates apply to SUPERINTENDENT, "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

THE WEST END WATCH COMPANY, whose retail business in India has until now been confined to the sale of Watches and Clocks of their own manufacture and bearing their widely-known trade mark, have now opened a new department for the sale of GOLD JEWELLERY of English and Continental Manufacture.

They have now on view at their New Premises, at 11, Hornby Road, a splendid selection of Jewellery of excellent taste and perfect workmanship, which has been selected on the spot in the best manufacturing centres of Europe by a member of the Firm.

THE STOCK COMPRISES

DIAMOND, PEARL AND FANCY STONE NECKLETS, PENDANTS, BROOCHES, RINGS; GEM SET AND PLAIN GOLD BRACELETS, BANGLES, BROOCHES, SAFETY PINS; MUFF CHAINS in a VARIETY of DESIGNS, PLAIN GOLD and GEM SET; ARTISTIC SILVERWARE SUITABLE for PRESENTS, TABLEWARE, TOILET ARTICLES, CARD CASES, CIGARETTE CASES, MATCH BOXES, etc.

Prices will be found extremely moderate, as the WEST END WATCH COMPANY have determined to adhere to the same system of business which has popularised their Watches. All goods are marked in plain figures at net cash prices. The West End Watch Company do not open any credit accounts, and are prepared to offer to cash buyers the full advantage of purchasing at rates which cannot be equalled by firms which have to face the risks and losses incidental to businesses conducted on credit lines.

The West End Watch Company invite the Public of Bombay to call and inspect their Stock. Visitors may do so without being importuned to purchase, and all enquiries will receive their careful consideration.

WEST END WATCH COMPANY,

11, HORNBY ROAD, FORT.
(OPPOSITE THE BOMBAY POST OFFICE.)

THE TWO BEST INDIAN CIGARS IN ASIA ARE BOUQUETS AND LIGHT OF ASIA CIGARS.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU OF THIS.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS.
WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

THE ITALIAN STORES,

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,

105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY; AND TO THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'WAR.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA Cheeses.
FINEST LUCCA OIL; Pure Italian Wine Vinegar.
ASPARAGUS, (French Italian and German).
MILAN SAUSAGES in Skin (Italian).
ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose); and in oil in Bottles.
FRANKFORT SAUSAGES, Plain, and with Sauerkroute
TUNNY FISH IN OIL (French and Italian).
CAVIARE.

SARDINES. { Royans Victoria. " a la Tomate. " Plain in finest Lucca oil.

BLACK OLIVES (loose) in oil.
GREEN OLIVES (French) in Bottles.
FRENCH and ITALIAN PREPARED MUSTARD assorted in Bottles.

MASTIC de CHIO 2-8 Bot. Vermouth (Italian and French) Chianti, Barbera, Capri, Lacrima Christi and Marsala. Cherry and Blackberry Brandy. Asti Spumanti and Duc de Marsat (champagne.)

Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Soup Paste, Lentilles, Beans, Gram (Milanese), Rice (Carolina), Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Almonds, Italian Lemons, Malaga Raisins and Figs (Naples.)

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a speciality and a thoroughly genuine article, only Rs. 10 per doz. Bots.

JEWELLERY REPAIRS.

THE ATTENTION of JEWELLERY WEARERS is particularly directed to the danger of loss of Gems from imperfect or worn settings or weak claws and the necessity of having all settings inspected occasionally. Those who have jewels are, as a rule, exceedingly careful of them and if there is any suspicion that they are insecure in setting or otherwise they should at once be attended to to prevent loss.

We undertake not only to Manufacture Ornaments of all description but also undertake all kinds of JEWELLERY REPAIRS and are able from our large collection of Loose Gems to match Gems in replacement of those found missing.

WATCH REPAIRS.

We undertake the REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS and other MECHANICAL INSTRUMENTS in a REASONABLE TIME and at a MODERATE COST. We employ the most skilled and intelligent labour in this Department which enable us to guarantee all work that we do.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND WATCH MAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ST. MARTIN'S PULMONARY BALSAM.

The unfailing REMEDY for COUGH, COLD and ASTHMA. Possesses Demulcent and Balsamic properties. Ans. 12 & Re. 1-4.
F. S. MADON & Co.
170, Shaik Memon St, Bombay.

NEW SEASON'S CHEESE.

NOW ARRIVING BY EVERY THROUGH MAIL.

		Rs.	a.
GORGONZOLA, Real, whole Cheese (16 to 20 lbs.)	Per lb.	1	6
Do. do. do. in cut	do.	1	8
STILTON, English Prize Dairy, original weights from 12 lbs. each	do.	1	6
Do. do. do. in cut	do.	1	8
AMERICAN do. do. do. do.	do.	0	12
CAMEMBERT, in Glass Jars	each	1	4
CHEDDAR Pale Loaf (about 12 lbs. each, cut	Per lb.	0	14
CHESHIRE Real English do. do. do.	do.	1	0
EDAMS Dutch, whole Cheese do. do. do.	do.	0	12
DOUBLE GLOSTER do. do. do.	do.	0	14
GRUYERE, finest quality do. do. do.	do.	1	0

CUMBERLAND HAMS
WILTSHIRE BACON,
ALWAYS ON CUT.
OILMANSTORES, (BARNES & Cos).
FRESH EVERY FORTNIGHT
FROM ENGLAND.

W. B. GREEN & Co.,

APOLLO BUNDER RESTAURANT,
BOMBAY.

ICES, ENGLISH AND ITALIAN, CAKES AND FANCY SWEETS.

WE PREPARE TWO VARIETIES OF
CREAM ICES DAILY.
WE HAVE THE MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT ON PLAIN AND FANCY CAKES
FOR FESTIVE OCCASIONS IN BOMBAY.

Our Confectioners are artists and turn out the most artful DINNER-TABLE DECORATIONS in the form of palatable SWEETS ever sold in India.

BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, AND DINNERS AVAILABLE DAILY.
WINES AND SPIRITS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

PEARSE & CO.,

SIRDAR'S PALACE, FORT, BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS.

BEST CUMBERLAND HAM, on cut	Rs.	2-8 per lb.
FRESH COFFEE, (ground while you wait)	"	1-4 "
MARRONS GLACE'S	"	2 "

FONDANTS, CHOCOLATES, CAKES, PASTRY, etc., manufactured fresh daily on the premises.

ICES THREE KINDS DAILY.

BIRTHDAY, CHRISTENING AND WEDDING CAKES
A SPECIALITY.

PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

Up-country orders carefully attended to by the Proprietors.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25—27, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE CALIFORNIAN NIGHTINGALE,

MADAME AGNES FREID.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF THEIR EXCELLENCIES LORD AND LADY NORTHCOTE.

TOWN HALL.

THURSDAY, MARCH 19th, at 9-30 P. M.

By kind permission His Excellency the Governor's Full Orchestra will assist.

Concert Grand by "Bluthner" kindly lent by Messrs. Marcks & Co. Ld.

Reserved Seats .....Rs. 5
Unreserved Seats .....Rs. 3
Admission .....Rs. 2

Plan open at SEYMOUR DOVE & Co., 40, Medows Street.

1st BATT. B. B. & C. I. R. VOLUNTEERS.

A BALL

Will be given by the SERGEANTS of the 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. R. Vols., in the

TOWN HALL,

On FRIDAY, the 17th April, 1903.

Tickets, (which include all refreshments) to admit

One GENT and 2 LADIES .....Rs. 10
EXTRA LADY ..... „ 5

MAY BE OBTAINED FROM

Mr. J. CONJOR, B. B. & C. I. R. (Dadar.
„ R. F. MAYES, „ „ Parel.
„ B. R. MORRIS, „ „ Parel.
„ E. W. STANLEY, „ „ Colaba Station.
and Messrs. SEYMOUR DOVE, & Co., Fort.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

S. S. "KAGOSHIMA MARU," Captain K. Kori, 4,405 Tons, WILL SAIL for SINGAPORE, CHINA and JAPAN on 28th Instant,

For freight and passage apply to

T. KUSUMOTO, Manager.

Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 17th March 1903.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO ARRIVED per S. S. "KAGOSHIMA MARU," from COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA, JAPAN, &c., are hereby informed that she is DISCHARGING her CARGO in No. 4 VICTORIA DOCK. All claims for damages, &c., must be sent to the Office within ten days after the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained. No Survey will be held on Packages warehoused or removed from the landing shed.

T. KUSUMOTO, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 17th March 1903.

BOMBAY UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of REPRESENTATIVES of MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES in Bombay, will be held in the Rooms of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, on THURSDAY, 19th instant, at Noon, to consider the question of General Average Deposits and other urgent matters to be brought forward by the Committee.

By Order of the Committee,

C. J. MICHAEL, Secretary.

Bombay, 17th March, 1903.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 21st instant, being a PUBLIC HOLIDAY under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

ALL PERSONS having CLAIMS on the Estate of the late Major V. E. HUNTER, R.A.M.C., are requested to send in the same without delay to

LT.-COL. W. G. BIRRELL, R.A.M.C., President, Subsidiary Committee of Adjustment.

Address:—41, Upper Colaba, Bombay.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for probate of a true copy of the last Will and Testament and Codicil of BAI PANCOOVER alias PANBAI, widow of CURSONJEE ROOPCHAND, late of Mangrol in Kattiswar, Hindu inhabitant, deceased.

TULLUCKCHAND ROOPCHAND of Bombay Visa Sorathia Bania Hindoo inhabitant, Freight Broker, residing at Modikhana, within the Fort, One of the Executors according to the tenor of the said Will .....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think it, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR LAWRENCE H. JENKINS, Knigh, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, the Ninth day of March in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Three and in the Third year of our Reign.

L. N. BANAJI, Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court of Bombay.

A. M. KAJIJI, The 9th day of March, 1903.

Messrs. BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL, Petitioner's Attorneys.

BOMBAY STATIONERY MART.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY REQUESTS all his Customers to TAKE NOTICE that his BILL COLLECTORS are from this date NOT ALLOWED to SIGN ANY RECEIPTS for PAYMENT in his name, and that all Receipts for Payment from this date will be signed by the Undersigned or by his Attorney, Mr. Ahmedaly Muliakhanally, and that no Receipts for Payment will be valid unless signed by the Undersigned or his Attorney.

HUSSONALLY ABDULALLY, Proprietor.

Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 10th March, 1903.

THE BOMBAY FLOUR MILL Co., LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bombay Flour Mill Company, Limited, will be held at the office of the Company, Marine Street No. 7, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th March, 1903, at 4 P. M. at which the following business will be brought forward:—

To pass the Balance Sheet and adopt the Directors' Report.

To declare a dividend.

To elect a Director in place of Mr. W. Lang who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.

To appoint an Auditor for the coming year and fix his remuneration; and

To transact any other business which may be brought forward.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 9th to 23rd March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

Bombay, 27th February, 1903.

GUARANTEED

CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES,

AND

COUPE & CO'S STEEL WHEELS,

Superior to any Imported in India,

FOR SALE, Ready Delivery—

ONE ELECTRIC MOTOR CAR,

To Accommodate 4 Persons.

APPLY

GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE & Co.,

67, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

HOME IN LONDON (near St. Paul's Schools), for Children of Parents residing in India, where a young Lady will undertake tuition in English and French. Music if desired. Not a School. Terms Fifty Guineas to Ninety Guineas per annum. Mr. HAMBRIDGE, Surgeon Dentist, 3, Gunterstone Road, West Kensington, London. Card of terms may be obtained from "Bombay Gazette" Office, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

MR. HENRY DALLAS' MUSICAL COMEDY Co.,

FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

WEDNESDAY, 18TH MARCH,

(FOR THE FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY.)

THE MESSENGER BOY.

FRIDAY, 20TH MARCH,

THE SIGN OF THE CROSS.

Mr. DALLAS as MARCUS SUPERBUS.

Mrs. DALLAS as MERCIA.

SATURDAY 21ST, MARCH,

A CHINESE HONEYMOON.

Doors open 8-30. P. M. Commence 9 P. M.

Plan at SOUNDY & Co.

PRICES: Rs. 4, 3, 2, and Re. 1.

PHIL CARLTON, Business Manager.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WEEK END SERVICES BETWEEN BOMBAY AND NERAL (FOR MATHERAN) KHANDALLA AND LONAVLA.

THE usual Week end Express Services between BOMBAY and LONAVLA will commence RUNNING from SATURDAY, the 31st of March, 1903.

2. Special Train arrangements will be made for the convenience of Passengers visiting LONAVLA, KHANDALLA or NERAL (for MATHERAN), during the EASTER HOLIDAYS.

3. Details can be ascertained on application at Stations.

A. MUIRHEAD, General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the 13th March, 1903.

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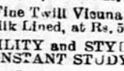

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(B)—PRELIMINARIES.—
English, Mathematics, Literature, French, History, Geography, Elementary Hygiene, Needle-work, Cooking. } For Candidates for the Entrance Examination (who have not passed Matriculation).

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BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and CROSS-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF MILL MACHINERY, ENGINES, BOILERS, TANKS, BEAM SCALES, &c., belonging to the Jairam Mills, Limited, at Delisle Road near the Elphinstone Road Station.

By order of N. C. Macleod, Esq., Official Liquidator appointed by the High Court of Bombay, Re the Jairam Mills, Limited, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 30th March, 1903, at 2-30, p.m., at the mill premises, all the machinery, &c., consisting of 1 compound engine, by Hicks and Hargreaves, 700 indicated horse power, 4 boilers Howdon's patent with 2 engines to drive the fans with driving apparatus, chimneys and steam pipes, 1 donkey engine, 1 fire service donkey engine, 304 looms with spare beams, hangers and steam pipes, 6 lines of scutchers by Platts, 3 scutchers by Lord, 2 Chrighton openers, 1 bonda breaking machine, 1 willow, shaftings, pulleys and beltings, lap bars, spring scale, 2 sizing tanks, 4 drawing beams, bevel wheels, 1 drawing frame Hathorn-ston's (loose), 4 beam scales and triangles; 1 small road roller, trolly lines with trollys, 1 overhead cast iron tank (loose), 4 iron beams (girders), blacksmith bellows, anvils, lathes, drilling machines, bench vices, tools, baling and bundling presses, 107 reeling machines, crab winch, timber pieces, old iron, &c.

The above is on view and will be sold either in one lot or in lots suitable to purchasers.

MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 18th March, 1903.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF 100 BALES BENGAL COTTON.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Colaba in the Jutha of Messrs. Bhuswandas Visram and Co., by order of Messrs. Nanseebhoy Khairaz and Co., and on account and at the risk of Marwadi Ratiram Jeowarmul.—

100 bales Bengal cotton.

A deposit of 10 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY, ETC.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Mr. Nowrojee Manecksee Dumasia,—

1 pair pearl bangles (ralphoshi), 1 gold locket, set with 7 diamonds in enamel, 1 rose ring, set with 9 diamonds, 1 scarf ring, set with 2 small diamonds and 1 pearl, 1 pair gold bangles, about 3 13-16 tolas, 1 gold chain about 3 3-8 tolas, 1 gold watch guard about 8 2-4 tolas, 1 gent's open faced gold watch by John Jones, 1 lady's open faced gold watch by John Jones, and 1 lady's double faced gold watch by West End Watch Co.

The property is on view.

SALE OF VALUABLE JEWELLERY, ETC.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, on account of the concerned the following jewellery, etc., consisting of rings, set with brilliants, rubies, emeralds, sapphires and pearls, pearl lockets, crescents, set with pearls, rubies and diamonds, pearl bracelet, diamond and pearl pendant brooch, diamond and pearl studs, pearl and ruby pins, pearl muffenains, gold brooches, etc.

The above is on view.

On FRIDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "Scrabji House," Ormiston Road, (opposite the Tramway Company office) Apollo Reclamation, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, of the latest design, also open carved blackwood furniture best plated ware, crockery and glassware, solid, mahogany, sympathetic, sweet-toned square piano, by Rose, gent's bicycle, wind-proof lamps, rosch table ornaments, Brussels carpets, pictures, etc. the property of R. E. CLARKE, Esqr.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Flagstaff Hill, Parel Tank Road, Parel, (Narayen Dabholkar's Bungalow) handsome valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware, crockery and glassware, sweet-toned sympathetic square pianoforte by Harold and Co., windproof lamps, pictures, table ornaments, iron safe, lady's and gent's bicycles, etc., the property of Mrs. C. COLE.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 22nd instant at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Masjid Bunder Road, near the Jakeria Masjid, above Messrs. Ralli Bros.' Grain Office, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture Hall sofas and chairs, cabinets, chiffoniers, bedsteads, almirahs, 1, 2, and 4 light hanging arganl lamps by Tucker, 1 Thurston's full size slate billard table with balls, cues, marking board, etc., Vase lamps, carpets, pier glass, copying press, clocks, table ornaments, pictures, etc., the property of the late RAMTOOLABHAI MAHOMED SAYANI, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF WEARING APPAREL UNIFORM DRESS, UNIFORM CASE, TRUNKS, BICYCLE, ETC.

Under instructions from the President, Committee of Adjustment, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, on MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2 p. m., the effects of the late Major V. E. Hunter, R. A. M. C., consisting of uniform case, helmet cases with helmet and hats, uniform dress of R. A. M. C., wearing apparel, leather basket and wooden trunks, bed linen, boots and shoes, Sandow's apparatus, books, bag of drawing things, Gent's Humber bicycle, etc.

The property will be on view three days before the sale.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2-30 p.m., the effects of the late Laximon Babajee Murkayker Salt Sonar, consisting of—

Gold chain, lady's hunting watch and rings, inferior rubies, diamonds and pearls, silver dollars, medals and pieces of silver, etc.

On FRIDAY, the 27th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Bijou, Middle Colaba, near the Post Office, the valuable blackwood and teakwood household furniture, rich glassware and porcelainware, plated ware, sympathetic square piano by Rose & Co., English ice box, rich carpets, windproof lamps, door curtains and checks, table ornaments, fancy cane furniture, etc., the property of L. B. EYRES, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 29th inst., at 2 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Flagstaff Hill, Parel Tank Road, Parel, the very valuable and handsome substantial suite blackwood and teakwood diningroom, drawingroom and bedroom furniture, rich crockery and glassware, plated ware, large size cooking stove with water boiler, carpenter's English tool box, Brussels and Persian carpets, rich table ornaments, fancy door curtains, windproof lamps, China and coir matting, garden plants in pots, &c., the property of A. W. WILSON, Esqr.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 18th March, 1903.

THE FIRST & THE LAST TIME

WE WILL GIVE

Rs. 7,000

Inclusive of a Pair of Handsome GOLD BRACELETS set with Diamonds and Emeralds, valued at

Rs. 2,000

FIRST PRIZE.

Prize Tickets will be presented free of cost, up to the 28th March, 1903, To the Purchasers

— OF A —

STERLING CHAIN,

Re. 1-8

— OR A —

SET OF SOVEREIGN STUDS,

Re. 1-8

— OR AN —

ENGLISH-MAKE TIMEPIECE,

Rs. 3-8

(WITH 5 YEARS' GUARANTEE.)

—OR A—

LADY'S OR GENT'S SILVER WATCH,

Rs. 7-8

(WITH FIVE YEARS' GUARANTEE.

We highly recommend these well-finished articles, good for rough use and well worth the money.

THE DRAWING WILL BE HELD ON THE 4TH APRIL, 1903. ON THE

"ART UNION PRINCIPLE"

In the presence of Representatives of Local Newspapers and the Public who are invited to witness the *ona fide* Drawing.

PRIZES.

			Rs.
1 Prize (Pair of Gold Bracelets set with Diamond)			2,000
4 Prizes (Pair each of Gold well-finished Bracelets)		Rs. 150 each...	600
1 Prize Cash			500
2 Prizes	„	„ 150 „ ...	300
3 Do.	„	„ 75 „ ...	225
2 Do.	„	„ 50 „ ...	100
25 Do.	„	„ 25 „ ...	625
10 Do.	„	„ 20 „ ...	200
50 Do.	„	„ 15 „ ...	750
50 Do.	„	„ 10 „ ...	500
50 Do.	„	„ 5 „ ...	250
100 Do.	„	„ 4 „ ...	400
100 Do.	„	„ 3 „ ...	300
125 Do.	„	„ 2 „ ...	250
523 Prizes...		...Total ...	7,000

N.B.—Out-station Orders promptly and carefully attended to on V.-P. System.

C. ARDESHER & Co.,

SOLE AGENTS,

ART JEWELLERS AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS;

178, DHURRUMTOLLAH STREET, CALCUTTA.

BANKER & Co.,

GENT'S TAILORS AND LADIES' DRESSMAKERS.

GENT'S SUITS, &c., MADE ON INSTALMENT SYSTEM.

38, Esplanade Cross Road,

OPPOSITE GOKULDAS HOSPITAL.

FUTURE FROM HANDWRITING!

YOUR character, marriage partner described, business, love, health, changes and chief events accurately told. Send a specimen of your writing, signed with usual signature, and enclose twenty half-anna postage stamps and a stamped addressed envelope to

"GRAPHOLOGISTS,

Mandvi Post, Bombay."

NOTE.—Don't send it if you dislike plain speaking.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, MARCH 16.

SECURITIES—

2½ per cent. Consols	£91 5/8	= nchanged
3 per cent. Rentes	Frs 99 1/2 ex =	„
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	£106 1/2 =	
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	£66 =	„

SILVER—

Spot in London	22 3/8	= — 1/4
2 months hence	22 3/16	= — 1/8
Spot in New York	48 3/8	= — 5/8

EXCHANGES—

Paris Cheques	25·16 1/2	= + 1/2
Berlin	20·20 3/4	= unchanged
New York Demand	4·86 7/8	= + 1-4

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	4 pr ct	= unchanged
3 months sight Bank Bills	3 3/4 pr ct	= „
6 „ „	3 5/8 pr ct	= „
3 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 pr ct	= „
5 months sight Fine Trade Bills	4 pr ct	= „

INTEREST—

Day to-day loans	3 5/8 pr ct	= „
7 day market loans	3 5/8 pr ct	= „

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £475,000.

Metals :—Copper Braziers £75.

Yellow metal 6 5-8d.

Tin Plates 12s.

Bar Iron Belgian £5-3s.

Iron Corrugated Sheets £11-10 + 2-6d.

Basic Steel Bars £5-4.

Linseed Bold 42 7-8d. April-May. Business done. Tone firm.

Coffee in New York 5 5-8.

Arrivals.—Steamers Lime Branch, Tirol, Vulcan.

In Liverpool.—

Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet. Marchester quiet. Total sales 5,000. Spot 5·36 plus 6. Sold on speculation and for Export 500. Imports 17,000. Arrivals closed quiet but steady.

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July.
5·17	5·18	5·19	5·19
+2	+2	+2	+2
July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct. Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·19	5·21	4·84	4·64	4·59
+3	+3	+2	+1	+1

In New York—

Receipts at the Port		17,000 bales.
Do. last year		13,000 „
Exports to Great Britain		2,000 „
„ Continent		11,000 „
Mid-Uplands		10·0
Futures, month of March		9·75 — 3
Do. do. July		9·55 — 2

In New Orleans—

Spot	9 11-16
Futures month of June	9·59 — 7
Do. September	8·31 — 4
Tone at close	quiet.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Monday, 16th March 1903 :—

Cotton	20,844 bales.
Wheat	11,159 cwts.
Linseed	28,328 „
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	5,320 „
Gingellyseed	11,288 „
Popyseed	80 „
Groundnuts	403 „
Castorseed	15,434 „
Rice	11,459 „
Myrabollams	4,888 „
Cottonseed	6,612 „

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Gold Bullion	Rs.	5,33,330
Gold Coin	„	101,25,000 (? 33,75,000)
Silver Bullion	„	1,15,547

Ex s. s. Bengal, from Australia.

BOMBAY, TUESDAY, MARCH 17.

EXCHANGE—Tone quiet.

Bank T. T			1s. 4 1-32d.
Bank Demand			1s. 4 1-16d 1s. 4 1-32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight	D. A...		1s. 4 1-4d.
Do 6 do	do	.....	1s. 4 3-8d.
French Francs 3 do	do	.....	170 1-2
Marks 3 do	do	.....	139 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days'	Sight.....		116 1-2
Shanghai 30 do	do	.....	158 1 2
Japan 30 do	do	.....	149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent—Tone steady.

Cash	Rs. 98 13
1st Settlement	Rs. 98 14

Money Market —Tone quiet.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since	2nd October	4 per cent
Bank of Bombay	do. 12th March	7 do,
Bank of Bengal	do. 19th February	8 do,
Bank of Madras	do. 10th do.	8 do.

SEEDS,

Linseed.—Tone firm,			Rs.	a.	Rs. s.
Ready	...	...	7	9	
Forward April-May	...	...	7	8	
Rapeseed.—Tone steady,					
Brown Cawnpore Ready	...		5	7	
Yellow Cawnpore Ready	...		5	11 to	5 12
Do. Gujarat Forward, April-May	...		6	2	
Poppyseed.—Tone steady.					
Ready	...	...	7	6	
Forward April-May	...	...	7	5	
Castorseed—Tone steady.					
Ready	...	...	22	12 to	23 0
Forward April-May.	...		23	4 to	23 8
Groundnuts—Tone steady.					
Ready	...	...	34	0	
Gingellyseed.—Tone steady.					
15 per cent. Mxd. Ready	...		34	8	
25 „ „	„	...	34	0	
50 „ „	„	...	33	4	
Black Kutnee „	„	...	31	4	

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	steady.
Estimated sales	8,000
Total imports	12,000

March-Apri.	Apl.-May	May.-June.	June-July
5-16	5-17	5-18	5-18
—1	—1	—1	—1
July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sep.-Oct	Oct.-Nov.	Nov-Dec.
5-18	5-19	4·82	4·62	4·57
—1	—1	—2	—2	—2

COTTON.—The market remains steady with a moderate enquiry at Colaba. The local mills have been buying and some fair lines are reported to have changed hands. Prices are unchanged except in the Sutta market where good Broach is Rs. 2 higher at Rs. 221-22 and Bengals F. G. is Rs. 164, both for 25th inst.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association Limited :—

Growths		Fine	F.-G.	Good	Delivery
Bengals H. G. (Ry. terms)	...	172	164	155	25 March
Bengals M. G. (Ry. term)	...	183	173	...	do.
Sind-Punjab (M. G)	...	183	173	...	do.
Belati M. G	...	190-1	183	...	do.
Khandesh M. G.	...	...	176	168	do.
Damergaum Poolgaum	MG.	197	189	...	do.
Nagpur Kamptee	...	198	190	...	do.
Akola (M. G.)	}				
Khamgaum do	}	...	195	186	... do.
Karanja do	}				
Broach M. G.	...	232	226	220	do.
Do. M. G.	...	227-8	...	...	25 April.
Bhownugger M G	...	208	198	...	25 May.
Do H. G.	...	204	194	178	do.
S.-G. Dharwar	...	...	...	218	do.
Westerns	...	...	...	204	do.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2, for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

BURKE—CATES—March 17, at St Thomas's Cathedral, Bombay, by the Rev Canon Hill, Richard Charles Burke, Lieutenant, Indian Army, only son of C T Burke, Esq., late Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust, to Norah Mary, eldest daughter of Lieut-Col G E Hyde Cates, Indian Army, Political Agent, Palanpur.

DEATH.

DAVAR—March 17, at Khetwadi Main Road, Bombay, Bai Cooverbai, widow of Nanabhoy Suntokejee Davar and daughter of the late Framjee Ardeshir Davar, deeply regretted. Funeral this (Wednesday) morning at 7-30.

IN MEMORIAM.

In loving memory of my darling mother, Mrs ADA ELIZA MOORE, who died on the 11th March 1902, aged 31 years, sadly missed by her only daughter.

"Rest on dear mother, I would not wake thee
For sorrow and troubles would darken thy brow.
Sweet is the spot where the birds warble on thee,
No earthly sorrow can bother thee now."

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 6h. 7m., Sun sets, 6h. 10m. High water 3-18m, 3-2s, Low water, 8-11m. 8-16s.

Municipal Standing Committee, 3 30 p. m.

Bombay Flour Mill Company, Marine Street, 4 p. m.

Bombay Art Society's Exhibition, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Sale of Work, Mission House, Bellasis Road, 3 p. m.

Novelty Theatre, Mr. Henry Dallas' Musical Comedy Company.

BEGUM OF JANJIRA.—The Begum of Janjira, accompanied by thirty followers, left Bombay for Janjira on Monday last.

MANOCKJEE NUSSERWANJEE PETIT'S CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the last month was 4,908 the daily average being 175. The total of new patients was 648.

FATALITY ON THE RAILWAY.—A young Hindu, employed in the service of a grass merchant, was, while attempting to cross the railway line at the Grant Road station yesterday morning, run over by a local train and killed.

A NEW BARRISTER.—Mr. Basil N. Lang has made the usual declaration, and was admitted a member of the Bombay Bar. Mr. Basil N. Lang is the son of the Hon. Mr. Basil Lang, late Advocate General of Bombay.

A MISSING GIRL.—Sonia Rama, a millhand residing at Haines Road, has reported to the police that his sister-in-law Rajibai, aged ten years, left home on the 15th instant to go to work in the Connaught Mill and has not since been heard of. The girl is a new arrival in Bombay, and has gold and silver ornaments of the value of Rs, 12 on her person.

POSTAL NOTICE.—A mail for Europe, consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per Austrian Lloyd's s s. Trieste will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to the Trieste Post Office at 9 a. m., to-day. Letters, &c., for Aden and Egypt specially marked for trans mission by this steamer will also be despatched.

SPECULATORS FINED.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, sub-Inspector Lewis charged Motilal Mulji and eleven others with causing obstruction on a public road. Yesterday morning the accused formed a part of a large crowd of speculators collected in Shaik Memon Street. Two of them were discharged while the rest were fined Rs 11 each.

KILLED BY A FALLING BRANCH.—Dhondia Malloo, a Hindu boy, aged fourteen years, climbed up a tree by the side of the World Pakady Road on Monday morning and cut off a large branch, which fell on a girl named Kassi, aged eight years, who was at the time playing under the tree. She received serious injuries of which she died shortly after. It was stated that Dhondia had received instructions from the landlord Narayen Moraba to cut the branch.

MUSIC AT THE BANDSTAND.—By kind permission of Captain Prevost the Band of the 23rd Bombay Rifles will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. M. Freddi, Bandmaster, at 7-30 p. m, to-day at Messrs. W. B. Green and Co. :—

March	Under the Double Eagle	Wagner
Piccolo Solo	Whis King	Lawlor
Selection	The Geisha	Jones
Valse	Bleuet	Marges
Oriental Scene	A Dervish Chorus	Sibek
Barndance	Woodland flowers	Smith

GOD SAVE THE KING.

INSOLENT BEHAVIOUR.—Before Mr. J. W. Dracup, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court yesterday, Arthur Mellad, a European vagrant, was charged with refusing to work and behaving in a manner prejudicial to the discipline of the Government Workhouse. The evidence showed that the accused refused to work on the 14th inst., and when placed before the Deputy Governor of the workhouse, he behaved in an insolent manner. When asked to take his bedding out of his cell, he first refused to do so and afterwards threw the bedding out. The accused denied the charge, which he said had been preferred against him with a view of preventing him from returning home. The Magistrate convicted him and sentenced him to fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

CHEATING A PILGRIM.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Inspector Morris prosecuted Abdul Gufoor Noormahomed, a Mahomedan mendicant, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, on a charge of cheating one Shaik Divabi Saban in respect of Rs. 5. It appears that the complainant came to Bombay from his native country about a month ago to proceed on pilgrimage to Mecca. Being a stranger to Bombay he asked the accused, whom he happened to meet in Mirchi Gully, where the passage for Mecca could be obtained. The accused said he was also going to Mecca, and would buy the ticket for him as well. The complainant thereupon gave the accused Rs. 5. The accused disappeared with the money, and as the complainant had no more money with him to buy a ticket he could not go on the pilgrimage. On Monday afternoon the complainant met the accused on the road and made him over to the police. The accused admitted having received the money, but stated that he was taken ill and spent the money on his illness. The accused was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

SENIOR INSPECTOR OF STEAM BOILERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Senior Inspector of Steam Boilers has retired or will retire shortly on pension, and I think his successor should be one of the junior Inspectors. If an outsider is engaged it will be an act of unfairness to them considering their service, ability, and experience. The senior Inspector is not a Marine Engineer, but the junior Inspectors are Marine Engineers holding Board of Trade first class certificates of competency, and they possess a good deal of factory and mill experience, and are well up in their duties. I heard that Government occasionally had reason to be quite satisfied with the way in which they discharged the duties of the senior Inspector during his temporary absence from his post.—Yours, &c.

FAIR PLAY.

DIVINE SERVICE.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

WEDNESDAY, 18TH MARCH.

6½ p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.

TO CURE SUFFERING ANIMALS.

A most useful Veterinary Book is attached to every bottle of Condy's Fluid. This Book contains instructions for curing most of the ailments and accidents affecting Horses, Dogs, Sheep, Cattle and Poultry.

In this Book eminent Veterinary Surgeons recommend Condy's Fluid as a certain cure for Sore Shoulders, Sore Backs, Broken Knees, Grease, Thrush, and Cracked Heels in Horses.—Scab, Foot Rot, Fly, etc., in Sheep.—Hoove, Foul in the Foot, Wounds and Sores in Cattle.

Condy's Fluid is made by Condy and Mitchell, Ltd., of 65, Goswell Road, London, England, and is sold by all Chemists and Stores. Beware of Local substitutes. Insist on having Condy's Fluid.

INDIA'S EDUCATIONAL NEEDS.

LECTURE BY MRS. ANNIE BESANT.

THE following is a continuation of the lecture delivered in Bombay by Mrs. Annie Besant on "Indias Educational Needs," the first portion of which appeared in Monday's issue :—

A father who has gained wealth selfishly without regard to the national good sees the nation growing less and less prosperous and knows that his own sons and grand-children have to be the members of that decaying nation and that his selfishness has undermined his family as well as injured his nation (Cheers). A man who has only thought of his own gain and of his own advancement finds that the other parts of the nation are suffering and that he is compelled to share the sufferings with them. A number of men rush into Government service or into the learned profession thinking only of getting on in the world. But what happens to India? Her agriculture gradually grows less and less effective, her industries decay, her manufactures become less and less successful, and her wealth is diminished. Does the lawyer escape from the result of the general national decay and can he separate himself from the descent of the people? Agriculture does not affect the agricultural labourers alone or the landholders alone; every class of the community suffers when the agricultural results are poor. God has bound the nations together, and national prosperity depends upon the public spirit of the people (Hear, hear) and upon the subordination of individual gains for the general good and common prosperity. These lessons your boys should learn while their minds are plastic and while their hearts are enthusiastic in the days of their youth. You must hold up before them the great ideal, you must fire their hearts with love for this land, you must teach them their past in order that they may create the greater future, and you must ask them to love their country in order that that country may rise in the scale of nations. (Cheers). Think what the e boys are—the boys now are the creators of India in the near future (Cheers). You who are grown up are the India of to-day, but the India of the future depends on the young boys of to-day. (Cheers). That is why every stat sman, every great statesmen concerns himself with the education of the young. That is why men like Mr. Gladstone—(cheer-)—and like Lord Salisbury—(cheers)—concern themselves with the question of education. They know that the future of the nation depends on the boys in the school, and just as those boys are trained the future of the nation will be, (Cheers). Moral education is vital for the future of India. On the intellectual education I was speaking to you the other day, and I need not repeat what then I said. I would remind you that what is most wanted in that education is scientific education rather than an exclusively literary one, as it will add to the productive resources of the country and not lead only to the learned professions. I do not mean that the learned professions are not necessary for the welfare of the State. They are entirely necessary, but they should not absorb the whole of the brilliant intelligence and starve the other side of national life which is wanted for the welfare of the people. Then the next point that I wish to touch to-night is

THE QUESTION OF COMMERCE.

In the days of old you were a great commercial people; you were great shipbuilders, sending your ships over the whole world and carrying on great commerce (Cheers.) You may read history and you will find that only between 300 and 400 years ago ships built in India sailed up to the Thames and to London and were regarded with envy and admiration because of their admirable workmanship (Hear, hear.) You will find thus that you had plenty of good sailors, plenty of enterprising merchants and plenty of men who carried on the active work of commerce enriching their country at the same time that they enriched themselves. (Cheers.) Unless you educate your trading classes you will never revive that commerce of the past. Shrewd as they are they are too narrow in their views and too wedded to their particular fashions to do anything for the nation. We should, educate them by tens, hundreds and thousands and so give back to India the possibility of active commercial life. (Cheers). Along that line this education should go, so that India would be what she really should be as a nation with all sides of national life fully developed. Look at your national life now, and you will see how partial it is, how onesided it is and how wanting it is in the manifold activities which are necessary for a great nation. My last point is education given religiously. In India things have gone from bad to worse in this connection, Government Colleges teach no religion at all; the Missionary Colleges teach religion which is alien to the spirit and genius of the country (Cheers). The boy has to live between no religious teaching and a teaching of a religion which is different from his own. (Laughter). That is one great scandal of education in India, and see how dangerous it become. The late Bishop of Calcutta taking advantage of there being no religious education to the Indian youth tried to persuade the Government to introduce into all schools religious teaching based on the Bible, i. e., on the Christian lines (Loud cries of 'shame'). Fortunately that attempt has failed, because all the popular feeling was roused by it. If every religious community gave religious education to its children, if the Hindu community afforded Hindu religious instruction, if the Mussalmans gave instruction in the faith of Islam, if the Parsis gave instruction in the Zoroastrian religion and so on leaving Christianity to be taught to the Christians only—(cheers)—then the religious education of the country would proceed along proper and healthy lines, (Cheers). Again it is not just to blame Government for want of religious education. Government cannot give it and it ought not to give it lest it should infringe the religious neutrality on which the peace of India depends, (Cheers). Government is pledged to 'No religious interference' Government must not do it, you ought to do it yourselves. (Cheers). Every community here should take up the question of religious education. Now the two great communities in India, the Hindus and the Mussulmans, are beginning to deal effectively with the question of religious education. The Mussulmans have set an example in this direction by the foundation of a college at Aligarh (Cheers). The Hindus are following in the same important path by the foundation of the Central Hindu College at Banares (Cheers). You have thus two educational institutions for the two communities, that is, for three millions of Hindus and something like fifty or sixty millions of Mussulmans! It is but a drop in the ocean, a sand on the sea-shore. Nevertheless it is a beginning. Now let me turn for a moment to

THE CENTRAL HINDU COLLEGE

so that I may show you that the theory which I have been putting before you is not simply a theory, but is being carried out in practice. I am not so familiar with the working of the Aligarh College and therefore, cannot speak definitely of that College. As regards the Hindu College it was supposed before we began to work that the question of religious and moral education was a thorny one; when we began we were told you cannot teach religion, because there will be an endless sectarian trouble; you will have complaints from the parents of all the youths; it is impossible to teach religion to all the boys. We have not found it impossible, for every day in the College hall the boys gather together listening to the chants from the Bhagvat Gita (cheers); they also listen to the Pandit expounding some doctrine and some moral illustration from the stories from the Ramayana, from the Mahabharatta and from the Puranas (Hear, hear). Where is the Hindu who would object to such a moral instruction. (Cheers). Then two or three boys, they take it in turn so that all may have an opportunity, come forward and standing, facing their school fellows, chant together some song full of religious feeling and moral instruction. Where is the Hindu who would withdraw his boy from the teaching such as that given in that College? That is not all that we have done. We have now taken a further step. We have issued two out of a series of three text-books, and the third will be issued about the end of this month or the beginning of the next. These books give a clear and definite outline of the Hindu doctrines, Hindu Ceremonies and Hindu Ethics. The first is a little catechism meant for little boys and girls in the Primary Standard. The second is meant for the middle and upper classes in the High Schools. The third, which will soon be out, is for the students in the College. On this third book we mean to get the consensus of opinion of the leading men in the Hindu Community, orthodox and liberal; we will ask them to read and criticize it and, after making necessary additions or omissions, to send it back corrected, so that we may get a general consensus of opinion. It is a laborious work and has taken two and a half years altogether in order to complete it. But what are the two and a half years in the national life if you can give to the nation what it wants in religious instruction (Hear, hear.) Now all those who want to introduce

RELIGIOUS TEACHING

have the means ready to their hands. The Indian States are readily taking it up one after another and introducing religious instruction throughout the State Schools. Some of the leading Princes in India are co-operating in this righteous work (Cheers). Wherever there is a private College or school under Hindu management there these text books can be introduced and used as guides for teaching. There is one difficulty about the teachers. We want men who can teach rightly and in an interesting way, and not merely Pundits who will deal with the question of grammar and with the niceties of the commentators. That is one of our needs. The Parsi community may provide their children with a similar series of text books. The Mussalman and other communities may also supply their children with a similar series of text-books. (Cheers). I fancy that perhaps it would be possible for each community to take the outlines from our series of text-books and only change the quotations and stories. We have given quotations from the Shastras supporting morality from the Hindu basis, but morality is the same for the Parsis as for the Hindus. The Parsis should give quotations from their own sacred literature, Morality again is the same for the Mussalmans as for the Hindus and the Parsis. The Mussalmans should support it by quotations from the Koran. The quotations from the scriptures of different religions will support the same virtue. I think, if you do that you will begin to build the Indian nation which we so earnestly desire to have. (Cheers). It does not seem quite impossible that, if we give these religious teachings, we may gradually build up in the country a body which will gradually weld itself into the Indian nation, and I hope to see in days to come a Mussalman University growing out of the Aligarh College and a Hindu University growing out of the Benares College—(Hear, hear)—so that these Universities may lead the national life of India as the Oxford and Cambridge Universities lead the national life of England. I say that it is not impossible if only all of you will take interest in the matter and look on it as your own affair and as your own business.

ENGLISH AND SANSCRIT.

There is one other point which I want to put before you. We have one peculiar thing in the Hindu College. Every boy who comes in the English Department is obliged to learn Sanscrit. We have also Pathshalls where every Pundit, who comes to join it is obliged to learn English (cheers), so that the English educated boys have to know Sanscrit and the Sanscrit educated boys have to know English. That is a great innovation. You may say; 'why do you do it?' You know that there are two Hindu nations—one of Pundits proficient in their learning, scholarship, thought and knowledge, but they know nothing outside the knowledge o. Sanscrit literature. They know nothing of the modern thought. On the other side there is a Hindu nation growing up and knowing very little of Sanscrit literature and of their Sacred Books. They grow up utterly Sectarian. There is a great gulf between them and the nation of Pundits. The Pundit cannot influence the English educated boy, because he does not sympathise with him in his hopes and aspirations. You cannot influence the young unless you sympathise and feel with them (Cheers). We want to bridge the gulf and we build this double bridge of Sanscrit and English. We lead both classes over it, so that both shall know English and Sanscrit (Cheers). We thus hope to join the two Hindu nations and make them one in the service of their own motherland (Cheers). That is the work that we are carrying on in Benares, and I venture to say that it is a work in which every good Hindu should take the keenest interest. I want you all to think of us and to give us your good will. I want to make public opinion which will enable the Benares College to grow into a University and to have daughter colleges in other great cities in the land—(cheers)—where the students will learn Hindu religion and Western culture without becoming aliens from their ancestral faith (Cheers). It is the mightiest enterprise in which I ask your sympathy and your good-will. I know that it will succeed because the blessings of the Great One are on it. I know it will succeed also because it is for the benefit of the future of India which is at the heart of every one of us (cheers). But that future depends on Indians and on no other land and no other country. The Indian nation will not grow by the influence of any other nation but by the growth of character within India's own boundary. (Cheers). England can never make you free. You can only make yourselves free by becoming noble and upright. Nations made of such men must be free. Your destiny lies in your own hands. Your future is to be of your creating. You must build the basis of noble character and of public spirit which shows itself in true citizenship. You prove yourselves worthy to be a part of a mighty empire. As Lord George Hamilton has rightly said, India must be governed having regard to the Indian feelings, Indian traditions, Indian thought and Indian ideas. That is true. It is possible that if only India grows up to the height of her possibilities, the time will come when she will send her best and noblest counsellors to the great Imperial Council at home (Hear, hear). I dream of the time when India will build her empire with that genius, statesmanship and clear insight which are found from time to time among Indian ministers. These qualities will be utilized for the good of the empire and for the good of the mighty whole of which you are a part. The times are gone by for small nations, for petty states and for little peoples. The tendency now is towards raising a vast area united by common aims and common love. I say that India, in the future, should build such an empire, should bear its burden and share its responsibility. I dream of the time when India, England, Australia and Canada will all join

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The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1903.

THE HON. GEORGE PEEL ON THE DURBAR.

SOME short time ago a London telegram told us that the Hon. George Peel had written an article in the "National Review"—a eulogistic analysis of Lord Curzon's work in India, with a view to illustrating his qualifications—Lord Curzon's not Mr. Peel's—on his return to meet a great national necessity by raising the nation to the highest standards in every department, and checking the spirit of external conquest until perfection is achieved. Somebody suggested that he should go out to India and write a book on the Taj Mahal. It would have been more profitable perhaps if he had. He was seized on return with a virulent attack of "cacoethes scribendi." The article the telegram refers to was not enough to bring relief, so he wrote one in the "Cornhill" also. Interested friends and relations had asked him "Well; how are things going in India?" In response to such questions, he admits it is best to adopt Matthew Arnold's description of the East, and to "bow low before the blast in silent deep disdain." But this is a course Mr. Peel unfortunately did not resort to. He did not know how things are going in India, and thought it best to be contemptuous, and would have others be the same, "or if silence is impossible," he adds, "it is safe to remark drily that India comprises no less than one-fifth of the human species, most of whom were absent." It is the writer of flippant balderdash of this description who presumes to tell England who is qualified to meet a great national necessity. Reuter wired out the summary of his article, we presume, by way of illustrating the depths of folly to which Durbar guests could descend. In the "Cornhill" Mr. Peel prefaces his remarks with the assurance that he is not going to write about what interested him as much as anything as the Durbar—that is to say politics. What an excellent discretion! Mr. Peel was ashore in India something like a month. It took little more than that time for Mr. Padgett, M.P., to acquire his wonderful knowledge of the country. It is not because he did not master them that he did not write on them we suppose, for he tells us the politics of India are, to put it mildly, a little too dry for most people, except for a few of the hardiest spirits of the House of Commons. And do even they understand them? he asks dubiously, "Certainly the natives of India themselves do not, so the ordinary Briton may plead exemption on that score." Mr. Peel is not an ordinary Briton. He was interested in our politics, because he understood them. Would they interest him unless he did, and would he find it necessary to assure us he was not going to write of them unless he felt his superior wisdom would weigh upon us?

Mr. Peel was asked to stay with the Viceroy at Delhi and afterwards at Calcutta, and we imagine when his Excellency reads what Mr. Peel has to say of all he did and saw he will feel sorry that his camp did not contain fewer guests by one at least. We have been told that the great object of the Durbar was to impress the native, and for his especial benefit. Mr. Peel pricks that bubble at the outset. The station-masters all along the line told him and his fellow passengers that "the forthcoming Durbar was intensely perplexing to the native mind. What was it all about? Why these regiments moving up? Why these rajahs? The native mind had sagaciously concluded that some terrible event was impending and that some big disaster was afoot. Perhaps a mutiny. Perhaps a war. Perhaps——; but the conjectures were endless." Mr. Peel arrived at the camp in a state of depression. The next morning, however, he was all vivacity, and found in the State entry elephants so gorgeous that they would have astonished Solomon, and some attendants who would have disgraced the camps of Sennacherib. "Most orderly and above reproach were the elephants," he says, "but then they were drugged." Mr. Peel was not drugged. But we have the measure of the man in his account of a visit he had to pay to a "great rajah." His Highness was at breakfast, so in order to acquaint himself with all possible topics of conversation he privily cross-questioned "the Grand Vizier" as to his Highness's most particular tastes and predilections. But let him tell his own tale: "I suggested polo, or betting, or jewellery. The Minister listened with profound attention, and then delivered his verdict. His Highness cares for nothing but education and political economy was the portentous reply. I fled before the coming storm of Mill and Macaulay." The "Grand Vizier" doubtless also delivered his verdict on Mr. Peel later in the day when at leisure. Mr. Peel sneers at a Khan who claimed seventy and thirty reigning ancestors in eight hundred years. He smiles at the Mahomedans who could not go to the Durbar until they had seen the new moon, and at the warriors of Sikkim, and regards with disapproval the most orthodox and irreproachable frock coat of the Nizam of Hyderabad, the only saving grace being, to his mind, the absence of a top-hat on his Highness's head. One native ruler, whom Mr. Peel congratulated on his admirable display of jewellery and his marvelously ornate costume, remarked that ten years hence if a Durbar were to be held all the rajahs and rulers might probably appear in frock coats in deference to the march of civilisation. "I endeavoured to restrain his ardour for progress," writes Mr. Peel, "and assured him that among the most cultivated races in the world the frock coat was considered a very temporary phenomenon. It was not much use; so driven to my last trench I lavished the resources of any eloquence which was left in me in an attack upon the top-hat." Thus the East was edified and improved by contact with the West.

Mr. Peel finds it necessary to mention that almost all the great political officers in India had been originally very doubtful as regards the possibility and practicability of organising such a Durbar as this proved to be. "Remember," he writes, "what a terrible period of famines had only recently descended upon India, both during the reigns of Lord Elgin and of Lord Curzon bringing poverty and misery in their train. Remember also that the Durbar had to be conceived and organised at a period when all the struggle in South Africa was still in full swing. Consider what would have happened to all the arrangements if his Majesty's Coronation had had to be postponed for a lengthy period in England." "Think what would have arisen"—"Suppose as another alternative"—"Imagine further"—Suppose the ruling chiefs had declined to undergo the expense on the plea of age or the superior claims of public affairs, that some of the immoveable jealousies that burn mutually among the rajahs had burst into an open and public flame. And so on he goes until the anti-climax comes. Lord Curzon had determined to run all risks, and "therefore the Durbar must unquestionably be regarded in one aspect—though of course in one only of its many aspects—as a personal triumph for him." Mr. Peel might appropriately have brought his observations to a close there. But no, he must go on and on lugging in a reference to camels and elephants, bicycles and a full-dress railway, mystified native messengers, Sir Bindon Blood, Sir Edward Law, Lord Kitchener, Mr. Cobden, Chicago, the Taj, Earnest Renan, the Parthenon, the Acropolis, and Omar Khayyam, until he has filled up the allotted space. Mr. Peel writes just enough to show the interest he took in the show was as intelligent as that the average schoolboy manifests in a pantomime. He had a "ripping time." That is practically what the long screed seeks to make us understand. We rejoice he kept clear of politics in "Cornhill." "Cornhill" must have been thankful too when it saw the "National."

INDIAN TRADE WITH TURKESTAN.

A REPORT dealing with the trade which passes between Kashmir and Chinese and Russian Turkestan by the Ladakh trade route shows that so far as foreign merchandise is concerned Germany seems to be getting all the best of it. Imports of European origin, consist chiefly of Italian coral, and broad cloth, and haberdashery, all of which comes from Germany. The importation of German goods seems to have been increasing steadily for five or six years, and now quite a lakh of rupees worth of German commerce passes through Ladakh in the course of the year. English goods imported are mainly restricted to cottons, such as muslins and handkerchiefs. At one time there was a big trade in chintz, for which commodity there seems to be an almost unlimited demand in Turkestan. This department of trade, however, along with other textile manufactures, is likely to be lost by English dealers, owing to Russian competition. It is stated that whenever a particular class of goods attracts the popular fancy in Turkestan, or is likely to do so, Russian makers send their agents to the source of supply in Kashmir, and obtain samples. Then, when Indian merchants despatch their goods through into Turkestan they are met with close imitations of the articles they themselves are dealing in, turned out from the Russian factories. The Russians undersell them easily owing to the cost of importation. At present owing to a large demand English cottons have maintained their position in the market, but it seems probable that this competition will tell very seriously in this long run. The trade in tea is also interesting. The Indian tea sent to Yarkand is mostly the "green" variety, and it is the product of native growers at Palanpur. About a quarter of the whole quantity imported is Indian "Bohea" and "Black" tea. Only a very small percentage of this is grown in European-owned gardens. The "green" tea is taken by the Chinese, but there is not likely to be much expansion in the traffic in this commodity, although, strangely enough, last year prices were high. It may be that the native growers interested in the trade are not fully alive to the possibilities of the market. At any rate Chinese tea is always likely to sell better than the Indian variety, because the Chinese of Turkestan have become used to the "brick" tea and prefer it to the ordinary leaf. This fact is leading some of the traders of Yarkand to buy Indian tea with a view to themselves converting it into the "brick" form. Another curious thing about the tea trade is that quite a considerable amount of Chinese tea is imported via Bombay. The exports from Turkestan to India consist mainly of the drug charas, the crimson cloth known as chakman, the pushm wool, Khotan raw silk, and mules. A fair amount of Russian specie is imported into India, and some of this commerce is due to the profits which may be made on the exchange.

WAGES IN INDIA IN 1901 AND 1902.

THE "Gazzette of India" contains an interesting table showing the wages of unskilled and skilled labour earned in India during the half years ended in December 31st, 1901 and 1902. This is a good index to the prosperity of the masses of the people in the various provinces of India, and shows at a glance what improvement, if any, has been made in their conditions during the past year. If the amount of money paid in wages is any indication at all of the prosperity of the country then it may be assumed that the labouring classes of Burma are at the present time in a very flourishing condition indeed. The average monthly pay of the agricultural labourer in Pegu last year varied in the different districts between Rs. 22 and Rs. 30. What tendency to fluctuation had occurred during the year had been in the direction of increase. Skilled artisans such as the mason, carpenter, or blacksmith earned as much as Rs. 45 per mensem, and in these cases, too, the only noticeable variations during the year had been in the way of improvement. Throughout Burma skilled labour is well paid. In no district does it command less than Rs. 22 per month, and in some as much as Rs. 50 is earned by the artisan. In Assam conditions are by no means so flourishing for the agriculturists. In some districts he has to subsist on Rs. 5 per month. In none does he obtain more than Rs. 10. On the other hand the skilled workman of Assam is exceedingly well paid. His wages vary considerably, but sometimes he can earn as much as Rs. 60, and he seems to be fairly sure of obtaining Rs. 15. In Bombay the agriculturist is practically in the same condition as regards wages as he was a year ago. He is not particularly well paid, and taking a general average of all the districts he does not earn more than Rs. 6-8 per month. In Godra in 1901 he was only paid Rs. 2-12. This year his wages have increased somewhat, but still he can only earn Rs. 3-12. Kaira is also a poor district for the agriculturist, and the most flourishing parts of the Presidency appear to be Sind and the Konkan. The skilled artisan of Bombay earns on an average Rs. 17 or Rs. 18 per month. Sometimes his wages amount to as much as Rs. 30, and in other cases they are as low as Rs. 9. In Sind the workman draws monthly pay amounting to Rs. 40, and in Bombay city his wages vary between Rs. 27 and Rs. 42. There are in the table of statistics some exceedingly surprising figures. We learn for instance that in the Fyzabad district of Northern Oudh the agriculturist draws in pay the sum of Re. 1-14 per month and the skilled labourer can only earn Rs. 5-8. In various areas of Rajputana the pay of both classes is just as meagre. Wherever there was any variation between wages earned in 1902 and those of 1901 the figures showed an improvement, which, though in most cases very slight, indicates an increase of prosperity.

THE GOVERNMENT'S POSITION.

THE dissatisfaction with the Government at home must be very plainly manifest when the leading organ is constrained to admit that the confidence of the people in the Ministry is slipping away. A series of bye-elections culminating in Newmarket and Woolwich have clearly indicated the feeling of the country, while in the House of Commons the revolt against the Government on their own side of the House has been most pronounced. The Education Act, in regard to which the Nonconformists threaten passive resistance to demands for school rates, and Mr. Brodrick's Army Scheme are the two things which are now creating the greatest discontent, but the feeling created by the Venezuela tangle has not yet been replaced in the public mind by one of confidence in the Ministry's conduct of foreign affairs. It is not surprising, therefore, that there should be a general sensation of relief at the return of Mr. Chamberlain, the one strong man of the Cabinet, but even he may be powerless to check the rot which has already set in among the Ministerialists. The discontent among the Unionists has found virulent expression in an article in the "National Review." The writer, Mr. A. Cuthbert Begg, projecting himself forward over a hundred years, pronounces what he considers will be the judgment of posterity on the present Ministry. The verdict is that the Government on the occasion of a great national emergency proved incapable of rising to the tension of the moment. "Irresolute and uncertain beyond the computation of its most malignant enemy" is the language in which the statesmanship of the Ministry is described, while, excepting Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Balfour and the Duke of Devonshire ability above the commonplace is denied to the collection of politicians forming the Cabinet. Still it is not probable that there will be a great change of Ministry this year. There may be a reshuffling of portfolios when room has to be made for Lord Curzon, but the Liberals are so hopelessly divided that if a general election were to take place, even while feeling is still strong against the Government, the country would scarcely replace them by Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman and the various sections of his followers.

THE local administration has sanctioned a special reward of Rs. 15, until further orders, for each wild dog destroyed in any District of the Central Provinces.

A MEETING of the Bombay Medical and Physical Society will be held in the Petit Laboratory of the Grant Medical College on Friday, when Mr. Jonathan Hutchinson, F. R. S., will introduce a discussion on the "Æiology of Leprosy."

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad Prantej Railway for the week ending 31st January 1903, amounted to Rs. 3,284, showing a decrease on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 1,264; the total earnings from 1st January to 31st January, 1903, amounted to Rs. 14,163, showing a decrease on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 3,249.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti Valley Railway for the week ending 31st January 1903, amounted to Rs. 33,486, showing an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 10,403, the total earnings from 1st January to 31st January 1903 shows Rs. 1,28,524, showing an increase of the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 12,021.

A NEW college for women will shortly be opened in the Punjab. The institution is to be known as the St. Bede's College, and will be located in the grounds of the Simla Convent. The plans provide for handsome class rooms, library, bed-rooms etc. Students receiving Government stipends will be trained as teachers, and there will also be classes for women reading for University degrees.

THE Diwan Saheb of Porbander writes in reference to the charges brought against him by Messrs. Kalidas Vandravandas of Bombay and Modi Mussa Yacub of Matheran. He has filed complaints against them for defamation at Rajkot, and to their suggestion that he should take action in Bombay he replies that the statements were made and published in Rajkot and the action cannot be tried in Bombay for want of jurisdiction.

WITH effect from the 15th April, a quicker mail service will be established between India and the Persian Gulf. The British Indian Steamship Company will, as now, carry the English mails from Bombay to Karachi at the rate of 13 knots an hour, and from Karachi onward the speed will be raised to 12 knots. The ports served will be Muscat, Gwadur, Bushire and Bussorah. This will bring Bombay and Bussorah within eight days of each other.

IN the long distance race, about eighty miles, from Tientsin to Peking, on February 20, there were 46 starters, of whom eight were French officers, twenty German officers, six Japanese officers, and twelve members of the Tientsin Race Club. The winner covered the distance in 7 hours 33 minutes, the time of the second being 7 hours 34 minutes 30 secs.

LODGE'S WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

EXPERTS SATISFIED AT LAST.

THE first man in Europe so make a systematic application of Hertzian waves for purposes of sigcalling, and the inventor of most of the detailed apparatus now in use, was Professor (now Sir) Oliver Lodge, the Principal of Birmingham University. This is a fact beyond dispute and easily capable of proof. Sir Oliver Lodge's ideas have been freely exploited by other inventors, but he himself has never brought out his system, or offered it in a commercial form, and this very naturally has been a basis for retort to the many champions who have urged his claims. Practical results are what the public judges by, and so far the practical results have fallen to other hands. Gradually it has come to be assumed that Lodge is one of those impracticable men of science who are content to have brilliant ideas and to leave the carrying out of them to other men; and up to a certain point this may be true. He has never pushed his own claims, save in the mildest and most generous manner. But, on the other hand, he has not been merely dreaming all the last ten years, while other men were working. He has had as his collabcrator one of the shrewdest practical telegraphists in the world, Dr. Alexander Muirhead, the man who has so improved Lord Kelvin's siphon recorder that it now bears his name, and whose instruments are in use on all the great cable systems of the world. It is hardly likely that such a man would spend years in playing with impracticable ideas.

If the truth were known, says a writer in the "Pall Mall Gazette," Lodge and Muirhead had a system five years ago which was as perfect as anything now in use; but, judged by the high standard of cable instrument work, they did not consider it good enough, and refused to guarantee it as commercially perfect. They preferred to work quietly until they had satisfied themselves, even though they seemed to be giving up the field to others. To-day Dr. Muirhead is satisfied. Although he is not sanguine that wireless telegraphy will ever usurp the place of submarine cables, he has got a system which for ordinary purposes is constant in all weathers, regular and simple in action, easy to adjust, and as clear in its record as even a telegraphist could desire. These for any one who knows the real conditions under which wireless telegraphy is still conducted are great things to claim, but they are true beyond question. There is no longer any secret or mystery about them; the experts who have examined the Lodge-Muirhead system have been allowed to see everything, and are convinced that it is better than anything so far produced. Its range and sensitiveness are all that can be desired, and though Dr. Muirhead has not yet signalled across the Atlantic, it is partly because he doubts the necessity of doing so, and partly because he preferred to conduct his experiments with his own and not with shareholders' money. His system has, however, been thoroughly tried up to fifty or sixty miles with practical sea-going apparatus, by Government officials as well as by his own staff, and has been found to more than hold its own. Its great features are increased regularity and constancy of working, increased clearness of results, and an increased range of sensitiveness for any given power. Besides all this the apparatus is moderate in price, the complete installation for a ship or a coast station costing about £170, as against double that amount at present.

To describe the Lodge-Muirhead apparatus in detail, and the points in which it differs from, for instance, Marconi's system, would involve too much technicality for a newspaper article. The first and most conspicuous improvement is the coherer. "Coherer" was the name first given by Lodge to the tube of iron-filings invented by Branly for detecting and utilizing Hertzian waves in space. It is an apparatus depending on the imperfect contact of a number of small metallic particles, which, as soon as a Hertzian wave strikes them, coalesce, or set themselves in such a way that a current from an independent battery can pass through them and operate a signalling instrument. The coherer, in fact, is instantly converted from a non-conductor into a conductor, and requires to be tapped before it is again in a sensitive state. The filings-tube coherer, with its automatic tapper, which Lodge invented, has undergone many modifications in the hands of Marconi and others, and some of its later forms bear no resemblance to the early ones. Filings are very uncertain in action, and cannot be depended on. The Castelli coherer, consisting of mercury globules in contact with a stick of carbon, gave far more sensitive results, and was used by Marconi in his first signalling experiments across the Atlantic; but the new Lodge coherer gives better results than any, and is as simple in idea as it is mechanical in construction. It consists of a small rotating steel disc in delicate contact with a globule of mercury, on which rests a film of mineral oil. This requires no tapper, or decoherer; it works in all weathers; it is not liable to get out of order; and it is sensitive to a marvel. Moreover, it prefers slow, long oscillations to the sharp discharges which other coherers require, and the former are more convenient to work especially in long-distance transmission. This coherer requires no relay, as well as no tapper, but operates a siphon recorder direct, and it is so sensitive that a long stroke, or dash, of the Morse code reveals the actual rate of sparking in the slight quivering of the line. Its record, as already stated, is strong and clear, almost equal to the best cable working.

The transmitting apparatus is chiefly distinguished by the use of a "buzzer" (a couple of telegraphic sounders acting reciprocally) which operates a mercury "make-and-break" controlling the induction coil. This has several advantages, among them being a perfect control of the sparking frequency, and a safety from shocks which are liable to occur when the primary of the induction coil is directly broken by the key.

Other features of the apparatus which will appeal to experts are the use of wire cage capacities on the vertical wire, a mere increase in the size of which corresponds to a lengthening of the wire; a potentiometer to regulate the potential at the coherer, and inferentially the boldness of the record; and an automatic device for short-circuiting the coherer when the vertical wire is switched on to the transmitter, which obviates the necessity for burying it in a sealed metal case. Another new feature, moreover, is the application of an ordinary automatic signalling machine to the sender, so that the message can be delivered, perfectly spaced, from a perforated tape, as in Post Office work. This application is very ingenious, although quite simple, and is worthy of the practical telegraphic mind which suggested it. It will probably be an essential feature in all future installations where unskilled operators may be employed, as for instance on board ship or in the field.

One of the crucial points in wireless telegraphy at present is the possibility of screening or shielding the messages from interference, and preventing their being intercepted. No system could for a moment be considered commercially practicable which does not provide for this. Mr. Marconi claims to have solved the problem for his system, although it is well known that his messages have often been intercepted and studied, as for instance, during the experiments with the Carlo Alberto at Genoa. Whether he will be more successful with his messages across the Atlantic remains to be seen. The favourite, if not the only method in vogue, is to tune the oscillations passing between two stations so that they shall only record themselves on instruments correspondingly tuned. Sir Oliver Lodge was one of the first exponents of tuning, in this sense, and in his new system very careful provisions have been made for it. How far they will be successful cannot yet be said, but Dr. Muirhead is of opinion that his device will neutralize the interference from any station not less than ten miles distant, and will at the same time preserve his messages from leakage.

It need hardly be said that all the instruments made for the system are of as perfect finish and construction as the telegraphic instruments manufactured by the Muirhead firm, and this fact is one that will have weight with cable companies, who have already begun to take an interest in the new invention. Nothing could be more significant, for the cable companies up to now have held quietly aloof and declined to excite themselves over the possibilities of wireless telegraphy.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

ALIENS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

POLICE RAIDS ON HOTELS.

FOREIGNERS ORDERED TO LEAVE.

LONDON, MARCH 17.

The Police raided the Hotels of Pretoria on the 14th instant, searching for persons unprovided with permits. A hundred persons were arrested, of whom twenty-seven, consisting of foreigners, were ordered to leave the Transvaal within twenty-four hours.

POSITION OF THE GOVERNMENT.

DISCONTENT WITH THE MINISTRY.

PUBLIC CONFIDENCE SLIPPING AWAY.

LONDON, MARCH 16.

The "Times" remarks that despite the popularity of the Premier the confidence of the people in the Government is slipping away. Mr. Chamberlain may be able to prevent a rot setting in among the Ministerialists both in and out of Parliament. If so he has not come back a moment too soon.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

SPECIAL MISSION TO ATHENS.

THE SULTAN'S FAVOURS.

A special Turkish mission has gone to Athens to invest the King and Premier with the Orders of the Iftehar and Medjidieh, respectively.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S RETURN.

RECEPTION IN THE COMMONS.

Mr. Chamberlain had an enthusiastic reception in the House of Commons this afternoon.

THE PRICE OF PEACE.

GROWING NAVAL EXPENDITURE.

REFORMS IN THE NAVY.

Mr. Arnold Forster, introducing the Navy estimates, said that he regretted that international rivalry necessitated the enormous, unproductive expenditure; but the result of recent changes and additions will be that we shall be better off in the event of the calamity of war than we have been for many years. He quoted the figures mentioned on the 9th and 10th inst., showing the position of the Army and Navy, and said that the Admiralty proposed to introduce the principle of short service in the Navy.

LONDON, MARCH 17.

Mr. Bowles brought forward a motion condemning the new scheme for the training of officers in the Navy. The motion was rejected by 200 votes to 57.

The House voted an effective strength of 127,000 men.

POWERS IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

BRITAIN, FRANCE, AND ITALY.

THE QUESTION OF TRIPOLI.

LONDON, MARCH 17.

Signor Bacelli, speaking in the Italian Chamber, said that the Government was unware of any negotiations between Britain and France relative to the Mediterranean, but even in the event of changes in the future, which at present were not anticipated, the declarations of the British and French Governments constituted positive assurances that such changes would not be detrimental to Italy.

Signor Demarinis declared that according to a report of a French official Britain had occupied Bomba in Tripoli.

LONDON, MARCH 17.

The Rome newspapers deny the allegation that the British have occupied Bomba.

CONSECRATION OF THE BISHOP-DESIGNATE OF NAGPUR.

THE METROPOLITAN TO PERFORM THE CEREMONY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 17.

The Bishops of Lucknow and Chota Nagpur attend the consecration here on Wednesday, the 25th instant, of Dr. Eyre Chatterton, Bishop-designate of Nagpur. The Bishops of Madras and Lahore were also to have been present, but are now likely to be prevented by illness. The Metropolitan will perform the ceremony.

LORD AND LADY AMPTHILL.

THEIR VISIT TO MYSORE.

BANGALORE, MARCH 17.

Lord and Lady Ampthill, who are on a visit to the Mysore Province, left this evening for the Cauvery Power Works at Sivasamudram, proceeding thence on Thursday to Seringapatam, Mysore, and the tiger jungles of Heegadadevankote. Yesterday their Excellencies visited the Kolar Gold Fields arriving privately in Bangalore last night with the party, including the Hon'ble Constance Russell; Mr. Wynch, Private Secretary to the Governor; Major Campbell, Military Secretary; Major Giffard, Surgeon; and Captains Fife and Dick Cunyngham, A.-D.-Cs. A large dinner party was given at the Residency to-night in honour of the visit by Colonel Sir Donald and Lady Robertson, whose guests they are.

THE BAI MOTLIBAI AND SIR D. M. PETIT HOSPITALS.

VISIT BY LADY NORTHCOTE.

HER EXCELLENCY LADY NORTHCOTE, accompanied by Mr. Claude Hill, visited the Bai Motlibai and Sir D. M. Petit Hospitals on Saturday, and was received at the entrance by Colonel H. P. Dimmock, M. D., I. M. S., the Physician-in-charge, Mr. H. W. de B Prescott, the House Surgeon, Dr. Dubash, Sister Caroline, Sister Superior of the Hospital, Mrs. Remy, and the whole of the staff.

Her Excellency visited all the wards, and had a kind and sympathetic word for each patient, being especially interested in the little ones of the children's wards of the Sir D. M. Petit Hospital under the care of Sister Josephine. Here her Excellency spent a considerable time, and after expressing her entire satisfaction to Colonel Dimmock with all she had seen, terminated her visit by sending a handsome donation to the children.

THE COMMERCIAL BUREAU.

MODIFICATIONS IN DETAILS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 17.

The "Indian Daily News" hears that while Lord Curzon's scheme for a Commercial Bureau is likely to be sanctioned in principle by the Secretary of State, modifications will probably be introduced, especially in connection with the Intelligence branch, which as it stands is considered likely to injure the interests of the larger firms.

FATAL TRAM ACCIDENT IN CALCUTTA.

EUROPEAN MERCHANT KILLED.

The death took place last night of Mr. Nicholas Mills, of Messrs. Mackintosh Burn Co., who was run over by a tram yesterday afternoon.

KING EDWARD'S VISIT TO PORTUGAL.

An "Indian Daily News" special cable, dated London, the 15th instant, states:—

The King will cruise in the Royal Yacht at the end of March, visiting the King of Portugal at Lisbon.

THE ARMY DEBATE.

STRENGTH OF THE FORCES IN INDIA.

THE RUSSIAN MENACE.

A special cable to the "Indian Daily News" states:—

In the Army Debate Sir Charles Dilke maintained that while the existing Russian frontier continues the present military forces of India are quite adequate.

Mr. Balfour admitted that a Russian advance on India would be difficult with a strong friendly and untouched Afghanistan to intercept it, but he urged that we may have a much more difficult state of affairs to deal with.

THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Heseltine, Assistant Secretary in the Finance Department, who goes on furlough in April will be relieved by Mr. Waterfield, Assistant Controller-General, Hyderabad, whose place will be taken by Mr. Rivaz from Lahore.

Mr. Hart also goes from Lahore to Burma as Auditor of Local Accounts in place of Mr. Cowie who takes Mr. Hart's post at Lahore.

THE EARL OF LONSDALE.

Lord Lonsdale is expected in Calcutta to-morrow.

THE VICEROY'S LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

At next Friday's Council meeting the Tea Cess Bill, the Provident Funds Bill, and the Victoria Memorial Bill are likely to be passed.

THE ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY'S TESTIMONIAL.

A Royal Humane Society's testimonial has been orwarded to the Lieutenant-General commanding Bengal for presentation to Captain Browne, 1st Central India Horse, for saving the life of a sowar of the same corps from drowning last October.

THE SOMALILAND CAMPAIGN.

The supplying of Commissariat officers from India for Somaliland is to be discontinued in view of the needs of the Supply and Transport Corps in this country.

THE CALCUTTA PAPERCHASE.

CLOSE OF THE CHASING SEASON.

In the Calcutta Light Horse Paperchase to-day which closes the chasing season here, Turner on Mascot was first, Hayward on Sylvia second, and Antram on Myrene third. Ten started. There was a large gathering, including the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

The appointment of Colonel De Brath as Joint Secretary of the Military Department for the revision of Army Regulations has been extended to March, 1904, and Captains J. C. Perkins and B. Scott, Major H. T. Kenny, Captain W. C. Askmore, and a Military Works Officer will be on special duty to assist.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned the creation of an appointment of an Assistant Pay Examiner for the Bengal Command on Rs. 550 monthly. The Secretary of State has also sanctioned the fixing of the pay of Assistant Pay Examiners in the Punjab, Madras, and Bombay Commands at a similar figure

Majors Macdonald and Bouchier officiate as Commandant and Second-in-Command, respectively, of the 3rd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, vice Purdon on one year's leave.

Major Hamilton from South Africa is appointed Second-in-Command of the 1st Bedfords.

2nd-Lieutenant Greenstreet, 1st Queen's, has been posted to the Indian Army, Bombay.

MR. HENRY DALLAS' COMPANY.

"NAUGHTY NANCY."

MR. HENRY DALLAS' Musical Comedy Company gave another capital performance at the Novelty Theatre last evening. The piece was "Naughty Nancy," one of the latest of London productions, and it was presented in a thoroughly capable manner. The piece itself is a musical treat. It is brimful of bright songs, and it was received last evening with every manifestation of enjoyment. Mr. Henry Dallas took the part of "Josiah Sligg," an amusing character, who spends his existence in masquerading and escaping from the police. Mr. Dallas was in his best form, and there were few dull moments when he was on the stage. Mr. Percival Knight assumed the role of the "Earl of Ayeor," a rather amusing specimen of the stage aristocrat. He was always funny, and at times his business was extremely farcical. Mr. Knox-Orde took the serious part—that of "Maurice Lestrange," and he was responsible for some clever acting. Mr. Phil Carlton, as "Viscount Valentine," the son of the Earl, was also completely successful. He was in capital voice, and his songs were very well received. The title role was taken by Miss Nellie Nancy, and although in this part she had not the same opportunity of manifesting her dramatic talent and musical ability as in some of the other characters she has sustained with Mr. Dallas' Company, she was at any rate eminently successful, and all her songs were encored more than once. As "Lady Barbarah" Miss Lily Cavenagh also acted charmingly, and Miss Isabel Vernon gave a capital rendering of the character of "Nephele Noggs," a peculiarly aggressive American heiress. All the choruses were well and harmoniously rendered. To-night the "Messenger Boy" will be performed.

"AT HOME" ON THE COOPERAGE,

TORCHLIGHT TATTOO.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL SIR JAMES WILLCOCKS, commanding the Bombay District, and Colonel Riddell, Colonel Stanton, R. E., Colonel W. C. Allen, R.A.M.C., and Captain Vincent, and the officers of the District Staff, held an "At Home" on the Cooperage last night to meet their Excellencies Lord and Lady Northcote. In connection with this function a torchlight tattoo was held in front of the Wellington Lines, and was found very interesting not only by the invited guests but by thousands of spectators who gathered round the enclosure. The rectangular plot to the south of the Bandstand was roped off, and the portion of it reserved for the guests was very prettily decorated and brilliantly illuminated. The main entrances to the arena were surmounted with huge triumphal arches, which were artistically illuminated with hundreds of multi-coloured lamps. Three shamianas were erected within the reserved area, one for their Excellencies Lord and Lady Northcote and the others for the guests. The ground from the entrances to the main shamiana was carpeted, and lounges and chairs were arranged at convenient places. Around this enclosure were posted venetian poles surmounted with bannerettes, while a ring of coloured lamps which surrounded the reserve area lent an additional charm to the scene. The whole of the arrangements which were entrusted to Messrs. Khakibhoy Pudamsey and Sons were admirably carried out. The General and the District Staff Officers had left nothing undone to make the function thoroughly enjoyable. The display had been primarily organised for the enjoyment of the General's personal guests, but in order to allow the public to participate in it the space was kept open, no fencing having been erected around it. Spectators began to gather round the enclosure at half past 8 o'clock, and by 9-30 p. m. the grounds around the enclosure were densely packed with people of all nationalities. About a hundred soldiers were posted around the arena to prevent the crowd breaking through the line.

His Excellency Lord Northcote arrived at 9-30 p.m. and was received at the entrance by Sir James Willcocks, and Captain Vincent and other officers of the District Staff Office. Lady Northcote was unable to attend owing to indisposition. The massed bands composed of the Pipers of the Royal Scots from Kampti, the band of the 1st P. W. D. (North Staffordshire Regiment), the band of the 19th Bombay Infantry, the band of the 21st Bombay Infantry, and the band of the 23rd Bombay Rifles and drums and fifes. Immediately after the arrival of his Excellency the bands of the different regiments entered the arena accompanied by torch-bearers. The band of the North Staffordshire Regiment first entered the ground from the Wodehouse Road entrance marching to the strains of "Under the Double Eagle," and was placed towards the north in open order facing south. This was followed by the band of the 21st Native Infantry which marched into the enclosure from the south-east entrance playing its regimental march, and took up its position to the left of the Staffordshires. Next came the band of the 23rd Bombay Rifles. The band of the 19th Bombay Infantry followed, playing the march "Ninety-five." Each band as it entered the enclosure was accompanied by about twenty men carrying torches and coloured lamps. After the bands had taken their position the drums and fifes entered playing the "Garry Owen" march. Last of all entered the Pipers of the Royal Scots. The massed bands then marched forward towards the reserve area playing their march "Lynwood." They were accompanied by torch-bearers. They returned with "Marching through Georgia" with bugles, and marched up again to the troop "May Blossom." This completed, the buglers sounded the "last part." The massed bands then went through the following programme:—

Overture—
"Romantique,".....Keler Bela
Pipes.....Royal Scots.
Drums.....P.W.O.
Selection—
"The Belle of New York,".....Kerker
Pipes.....Royal Scots.
"The Turkish Patrol,".....Michaels
Pipes.....Royal Scots.
Grand Fantasia—
"Episodes in a Soldier's Life,".....Kappey

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon in their offices, Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, the Hon. Mr. S. Rebsch, presiding. There were present: Brigadier General Sir James Willcocks, the Hon. Mr. W. C. Hughes, Mr. E. Gray, Dr. A. G. Viegas, Mr. F. Macrae, Mr. Sassoon J. David, Mr. G. A. Anderson, Mr. C. H. Armstrong, Mr. W. L. Harvey, the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola, the Hon. Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, and the secretary Mr. W. N. Shilstone.

ALLEGED ILLEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Board considered notice from Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen on behalf of their client Mr. Goculdas Madhavji, stating that he intended to file a suit against the Trustees to have it declared that the proceedings before the Special Collector in respect of their client's property were illegal, null, and void; and further asking for an undertaking that the Board would not until two months after service of notice pull down, demolish, or alter any of the buildings belonging to their client. A letter from Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., pertaining thereto had also been received.

The Chairman said the Trust had not taken charge of the property and that the undertaking asked for might therefore be given.

It was resolved to give the undertaking asked for.

COLABA RECLAMATION SCHEME.

The Board next considered tenders received for executing the work of the Colaba Reclamation Scheme.

Six tenders had been received, out of which the Board accepted the tender of Mr. Teju Kaya for Rs. 2,45,693.

After transacting some other business the Board adjourned.

CANDIDATES FOR SOLICITORS' EXAMINATION.

THE following articled clerks have applied to present themselves at the Solicitors' Examination which will commence at the High Court in the beginning of the next month:—

Mr. Burjorjee Dossabhoy Doctor, articled clerk to Messrs. Pestonjee Rustim, and Oliah; Mr. Framjee Manekjee Wacha, Mr. Chandulal Vajubhoy Diwan, Mr. Byramjee Jijibhoy Doctor, and Mr. Jijibhoy Dossabhoy Khambatta, articled clerks to Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormasjee, and Dinshah; Mr. Cowasjee Jamsetjee Bilimoria, articled clerk to Messrs. Framjee and Dinshah; Mr. Chaganlal Dayabhoy, articled clerk to Messrs. Tyebjee Dayabhoy and Co.; Mr. Laxman Vinayek Paraikar, articled clerk to Messrs. Nanu and Hormasjee; Mr. Jehangir B. Motiwalla and Mr. Hormasjee Dadabhoy Shroff, articled clerks to Messrs. Wadia and Gandhy. Mr. Kuverjee Nagrojee Wadia and Mr. Thakardas Atmaram Ganguy, articled clerks to Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanjee and Motilal; Mr. K. M. Dady Barjor, articled clerk to Messrs. Payne and Co.; Mr. Manekla L. Mehta, articled clerk to Messrs. Chitnis and Motilal; Mr. Pandurang S. Laud, articled clerk to Messrs. Sandham, Byrne and Noble; Mr. A. A. Ferreira and Mr. T. J. De Lima, articled clerk to Messrs. Daphtary and Ferreira; Mr. Jehangir P. Mehta, articled clerk to Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co.; Mr. Rustam Cursetjee Diwantri, articled clerk to Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen; Mr. Narsilal Motilal Sattawalla and Mr. Devidas Motiram, articled clerks to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram, and Madan; Mr. Ghulabbhoy Vassanji Desai, articled clerk to Mr. Mulji B. Barbhaya; and Mr. Mahomed Yusuf Khaikhatley, articled clerk to Messrs. Dixit and Dhanjishan.

A REPORT comes from the Wynaad that indications of plague are bad, that the officials are most anxious and strenuous in their efforts at measures of isolation and disinfection, and that the native merchants and labourers are quitting the locality on the 17th inst. It was said that not a single grain bazaar was open, all the other dealers having closed their places of business and fled. Two of the Police lately sent to do duty in connection with plague there died of the disease, one in a remarkably short time after attack. Medical subordinates are being procured for duty in the Wynaad. The Pykara and Kulhutty Plague Camps, which were closed for some time, have been re-opened.

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.

THE annual distribution of prizes and awards gained during the past year by the students of the Grant Medical College took place yesterday afternoon. His Excellency Lord Northcote, the Governor of Bombay, presided, and a numerous company of ladies and gentlemen interested in the institution were present.

Dr. Dimmock, the Principal of the College, opened the proceedings by reading the annual report. In the course of which it was stated that during the year two distinguished professors had severed their connection with the college—Dr MacDonald, late Professor of Botany, who had occupied the chair for nearly 17 years, and had endeared himself to the students by his endeavours to give them sound practical knowledge of the subject, and to his colleagues by his amiable disposition. The other was Lieut.-Col. R. W. S. Lyon, M. D., late Professor of Medicine and Therapeutics, who had occupied the chair for nearly six years, and had likewise carried the good wishes of the students and of his colleagues. During the year there had been a number of additions to the diagrams and specimens in the museum, and some useful books had been added to the library. There were 46 military medical pupils at the commencement of the year, and one of these had passed the Final Examination for the Grade of Assistant Surgeon, I. S. M. D., and three others had left the college. Forty-five fresh pupils had been admitted, and the total now on the role of military students was 87—71 belonging to the Bombay Command and 16 to the Bengal establishment. There were 143 candidates for the examination in Elementary Mechanics, and 125 passed. One hundred and twenty-three passed the first examination in Medicine, of which nine were in the first class. Eighty-one passed the second Examination, six being passed in the first class. Ten obtained the degree of L. M. and S. in June and 27 in November. One candidate entered for the degree of M.D., but failed to pass. Five Civil Assistant Surgeons had been examined for promotion to the higher grade and four were successful. The College Staff had carried on their work in an efficient manner. The new anatomical buildings were in course of construction. Some additions and alterations had lately been suggested in connection with this work, as the building seemed absolutely necessary owing to the large increase in the number of students attending the College. The plans were approved and sanctioned in 1900, when the number of students including military students was 368. It had now reached 657. It was, therefore, hoped that the proposals for additions and alterations to the building would meet with the favourable consideration of Government. A new chemical laboratory which was urgently needed was under construction. A chair of Physiology had been applied for. The subject in Bacteriology recognised as essential in all medical schools, and had recently been included in the curriculum at the Madras Medical College. Principal Hatch had in one of the previous annual reports strongly advocated the importance of a Bacteriological Department in the College hospital, and it was hoped, therefore, that regular Bacteriological Department in the College and Hospital, and it was to be hoped, therefore, that Government would be pleased to sanction the creation of the chair. The conduct of the civil students had been satisfactory and that of the military students fairly good. The Gymkhana was well conducted, and most of the students took an active part in the various sports carried on in connection with it. The question of providing residential quarters for 200 students in the vecinity of the college had been forwarded for submission to Government. The importance of providing hostels in connection with colleges had been recognised by the Universities Commission, and in the case of a medical college hostel accommodation was more urgently required than in the case of Arts Colleges, because a student of medicine had to attend hospital clinics and ward work even at night time. It was hoped that Government would be pleased to sanction the scheme of quarters which were very necessary. This necessity had been keenly felt during the year when plague had been rampant.

His Excellency then handed the prizes to the successful students, and having done so said:—Ladies and Gentlemen—Were it possible for the late Sir Robert Grant, in whose honour this College was founded, or Sir George Arthur, who assisted as Governor at its opening, to look down at its progress they could not but be astonished at the rapidity of its growth. In 1845 it possessed twelve students, now it has 570. Never has a better memorial been designed for an eminent public servant. But the enormous increase in students, which has taken place in the last twenty years, has placed the College, let us hope only temporarily, in some difficulties on which I would desire to say a few words this afternoon. Between 1880 and 1890 the number of students only increased from 150 to 166—but from 1890 to 1900 the number rose to 338. You have now 570. Unfortunately for the last seven years our trials have entailed such serious losses to this Presidency that neither public money nor private liberality have been adequate to keep pace with the growing needs of the College. Your report most naturally and properly calls public attention to some of your most pressing requirements. So far as Government are concerned, you know generally within what limitations we have to work; but within those limits I may confidently say that there is no way in which it gives us greater pleasure to expend public monies than in expenditure on education, the ultimate object of which is the relief of suffering. (Applause.) During the past few months we have been able to sanction increases to your establishment and we are glad to learn that the conduct of the establishment has been generally good. With regard to the question of the provision of a Bacteriological Department many of you know that the medical faculty have drawn up a scheme providing for the inclusion of Bacteriological study in the curriculum. The Senate of the University, however, has not yet expressed its approval of the proposal, and the appointment of a Professor will require the sanction of both the Government of India and the Secretary of State. With respect to the suggestions about medical education which have been made by the Universities Commission you are aware that they include the provision of a full time Professor of Chemistry, of hostel accommodation for students, better equipment generally, the substitution of the Intermediate for the Matriculation Examination as the preliminary test, and M. B. degrees and a diploma in Law and Science. That first three can be carried out if the Government of India are in a position to deal as generously with us pecuniarily in matters affecting University Education as they have done in matters of primary and secondary education. The last three points are more disputable and will have to be considered hereafter in consultation presumably with the Senate. With special reference to the hostel there is no chance, I fear, of its being made self-supporting. The question is under consideration in the Public Works Department, but there are great practical difficulties connected with a suitable site and accommodation, especially considering how rapidly the College is increasing, and all I can say is Government look with sympathy on the idea, and if they can find funds to assist, will no doubt be glad to do so. (Applause.) There are few other points in your report to which it is necessary for me to refer. I listened with pleasure to the paragraphs referring to the increase in the number of the Dufferin Fund Scholarships; as also to that referring to your cricket successes. It was my privilege to watch your final match which was creditable alike to winners and losers. There is, however, one paragraph in the report which is not satisfactory. It relates to the conduct of military medical students, which it only describes as "fairly satisfactory." In the report for 1900-01 the conduct of the military medical students was severely commented on; that censure was repeated in a modified form in 1901-02, and now I find that as compared with civil students their conduct is again unfavourably contrasted. This state of things must cease—Government are glad to learn that during the latter part of the year matters have improved—but I wish these young men to understand that if their own sense of self-respect and pride in the College, from attendance at which they derive so much advantage, are inadequate to secure proper behaviour, proper respect for discipline and for the College authorities Government will not hesitate to take steps, the result of which will not be agreeable to the delinquents. It is right to give you this caution; but I sincerely hope your own good sense will render it unnecessary to carry it into effect. In conclusion, I have to congratulate your head and his staff of assistants on the success with which they have worked under great difficulties during the past year and to express to you all the pleasure it has given me to be here to-day, and my thanks to you all for your cordial welcome. (Applause.)

A vote of thanks having been passed to His Excellency, three cheers were accorded to him by the students, and the proceedings terminated.

THE LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

THE final of the Western India Lawn Tennis Challenge Cup Tournament (Doubles) was contested between Messrs H. Cheetham and A. C. Rumboll, the holders of the Cup, and Messrs. W. Reid and P. F. Fischer. Messrs. Cheetham and Rumboll played splendidly in the first set and won by 6-0. Their opponents, however, improved considerably in the second set and won by 6-3. The rubber was most exciting, and was not decided until the game had stood five all. Messrs. Reid and Fischer pulled off the last game, and thus won the match by 6-0, 6-3, 6-5.

THE END OF AN INDIAN ROMANCE.

CROWN PRINCE OF ORCHA'S RETURN HOME.

A Wadhwan Correspondent writes:—In the chequered life of humanity the dead past at times revives in the living present. And, accordingly, "The romantic love-story of an Indian Prince" which formed the title of one of the most interesting articles in your columns some six years back, was vividly recalled when we beheld the happy pair entering a first class family carriage in the midst of a large gathering of people on the Wadhwan city station. H. H. Raja Bahadur Saheb, Crown Prince of Orcha, Trikumgarh, whose history is told with the very mention of his name, especially in Kathiawar, is seen now leaving this land for good to be reunited with his father and family. More known among the chiefs, Princes and European Officers for his deep-seated love for manly games and race-sports, he was none the less admired and adored by all alike with whom he came into contact, by virtue of his kindness, affable manners, and, above all, his unmeasured liking for what belongs to Kathiawar and its people. During his stay of over six years here his winning manners endeared him so much to the circle of his friends and admirers, not excluding high European officials, that they were all equally and highly pleased to see him reunited with his revered father the ruling Chief of Orcha, albeit regretting his departure from their midst.

On the 15th instant the Dewan Saheb of Wadhwan in the morning and the Banyats and Mahajans of the place in the evening, entertained the Prince in honor of his departure. To the addresses given and the speeches made he made suitable responses.

A large procession starting from the palace arrived at the station-platform, on the 16th in attendance on H. H. Raja Bahadur Saheb, and when the train steamed out, loud "hurrahs" were raised by the throngs.

NOTES FROM AHMEDABAD.

AN Ahmedabad Correspondent, writing on Saturday says:—During the last week the health of the city underwent a marked change for the worse. The total mortality advanced from 335 to 353. Plague has now assumed a more acute form, and the mortality from this epidemic is rather alarming. The number of deaths registered from plague during the week ending on March 12th was 40, being 23 more than in the preceding week.

The weather is most hot and favourable to plague. The mornings are very cold, while during the course of the day hot winds occasionally blow. The Government has granted to the City Municipality for purposes of stopping plague the powers specified in Section 144 (2). A. D. E. J. and in Section 145 (3). The powers specified in Section 145 (3) are granted for four months only.

Rao Bahadur Himatlal Dolatram has sent in his resignation of the post of the Municipal Presidentship.

The Collector, Mr. Doderet, has ordered the people residing in (1) Talis, (2) Pakhali, (3) Nagji Bhudhar, and (4) Ghanchis streets to evacuate them.

The meeting of the subscribers of the Khan Bahadur Jamshedjee Dalal Memomorial Fund was held in the Hemabhai Institute under the presidentship of Khan Bahadur Nanoroje Pestonjee Vakil, C. I. E. It was unanimously resolved that from the interest of the sum subscribed a scholarship should be given every year to a student of the Gujerat College who passes with the highest number of marks in Mathematics in the Previous Examination.

The Collector, Mr. Doderet, has issued a notification in consequence of plague prohibiting the people to hold caste-dinners.

A dead rat was found in the Government High School on Sunday, the 8th inst., Dr. Anderson examined it, but it was not found to have had plague. The room in which it was found dead was, however, immediately disinfected.

Mr. Ardeshar Fardoonjee Dalal, the new Chitnis, will take charge of his appointment during the course of the next week.

Another Correspondent writes:—Owing to the prevalence of plague the Collector has asked for a Special Medical Officer, and one is expected from Poona in a day or two. During the last seven days there were 63 cases of plague, and 40 deaths, but many cases of plague and 8 deaths are being concealed. It is strongly believed here that double the number die of plague than is shown in the Municipal records.

On the recent transference to Baisar of Mr. Frank Parker, Traffic Inspector, B. B. & C. I. Railway, the staff and superiors were not behind in showing their high sense of the valuable services he rendered during the time he was attached to this division. He will be greatly missed by the staff of this division. At his departure he was profusely garlanded by Europeans and natives alike.

Mr. W. H. White, Superintending Engineer M. D., having gone on leave to England Mr. Furdunjee C. Tarapor-walla acts for him. Mr. V. T. Agashe, who has been acting here as Executive Engineer, is transferred to Sind, and Mr. Ali Akbar from Surat is appointed here. Mr. Agashe will leave at the end of this month.

Mr. D. Gardiner, late of Amritsar Municipality, has been appointed Secretary to the Ahmedabad Municipality by the casting vote of the President Mr. Himatlal. It is not yet certain when he will take charge of his new appointment.

Mr. O. W. Alcock I. C. S., Assistant Judge, left here for England. Mr. Percival has succeeded him. Mr. F. X. D. Souza, I. C. S., Joint Judge having been appointed Judge of Khandesh, left this last week to join his new appointment.

IMPROVEMENT TRIBUNAL OF APPEAL.

APPEAL AGAINST AN AWARD.

SIR LAWRENCE Jenkins, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston heard at the High Court on Thursday a rule nisi issued to the Improvement Trustees of Bombay and the Government of Bombay, requiring them to show cause why the award made by the Improvement Tribunal of Appeal in the case of Munchershaw Shapurjee Narielwala should not be set aside on the ground that the Court acted with material irregularity, in that it made its award in the absence of evidence. Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand, and Wadia, appeared for the applicants; the Hon. Mr. Scott and Mr. Lowndes, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co., appeared for the Improvement Trustees; and the Advocate General, with the Government Solicitor, for the Government of Bombay.

The applicant, in his petition, stated that he was the owner of a house and ground at Chandanwady, which was purchased by him in 1894 for Rs. 22,500, and on which he had since spent Rs. 8,000 in repairs and improvements. On the 9th January, 1899, applicant received notice that the house and ground were proposed to be acquired by the Improvement Trustees. Applicant accordingly appeared on various occasions before Mr. Jehangir Dosabhoy Framjee, the Special Collector, for the purpose of having his property valued. After inquiry the Special Collector awarded to applicant the sum of Rs. 17,571. Applicant appealed from the decision to the Tribunal of Appeal, who, on the 20th August, 1902, dismissed his appeal with costs. On the 24th September, 1902, applicant applied to the President of the Tribunal for a certificate to appeal to the High Court, who declined to grant one. Applicant said that the Tribunal of Appeal had acted illegally and with material irregularity in the exercise of its jurisdiction in the following particulars:—It had assumed without any evidence whatsoever that the purchase by applicant of the house and ground was an imprudent purchase for the sole reason that it did not produce a return of 6 per cent. on the purchasing money. It had assumed that any prudent purchaser of property would expect 6 per cent on the purchase money, and so had fixed the value of the house at 16 2-3 years' purchase on the basis of the net yearly rental. The Tribunal called on applicant to rebut the assumption and declined to give him any adjournment of the hearing to enable him to give evidence as to valuation on the land and building system. The Tribunal had imported into the case, and acted on the alleged experience of its members, as to the value of house property in Bombay, and the return for which a prudent investor would look, without the said experience being given in evidence, and without any opportunity being given to applicant to test the same by cross-examination or otherwise. Applicant therefore prayed that the record might be sent for.

Mr. Raikes, for the applicant, argued on the facts. The main contention was that the principal of 16 2-3 years' purchase adopted by the Special Collector was wrong and without evidence. The learned counsel urged that the High Court had the power to revise the order of the Tribunal.

Mr. Scott, arguing on the law, said that the High Court had no revisional power, that the order of the Tribunal was final, and unless the President of the Tribunal gave a certificate to appeal the High Court could not even hear an appeal from a decision of the Tribunal. The certificate having been refused in this instance no appeal lay. The Trust gives the Tribunal power to make rules, and that circumstance showed that the Tribunal was not subject to the superintendence of the High Court. The learned counsel argued that the Tribunal was a court of justice, but outside the ordinary courts of justice.

The Chief Justice asked if there was no remedy to an aggrieved person.

Mr. Scott said the remedy was to go to the King in Council.

Further hearing of the matter has been adjourned.

ART, MUSIC, AND THE DRAMA.

THE RIDLEY ART CLUB.

THE GILLMAN MEMORIAL CONCERT.

"GAIETY MEMORIES."

LONDON, FEBRUARY 27.

DURING this week only, the 17th exhibition of the Ridley Art Club may be visited in Grafton-street. The spacious galleries are sufficiently filled by the 295 pictures, water-colour drawings, etchings, animals, examples of statuary, jewellery, etc. We have no cause to complain of the extent or variety of the show; nor is it altogether an æsthetic desert. True, the full-length, life-size portrait of Mrs. Leslie Stokes by Miss H. Donald Smith, to which a "centre" is given in the large gallery, is commonplace—commonplace in concept, in design, in colour, commonplace as a "human document." Nor should Mr. S. Melton Fisher attempt to paint a Madonna. The spirit of the age is in conflict with such essays and Mr. Fisher has not the power requisite to withstand that spirit. His setting of lilies, too, suggests how unimaginatively these are introduced as compared with a single branch of lily held by Gabriel in Rossetti's austere "Ecce Ancilla Domini." It would be at once an easy and a thankless task severely to criticise a majority of the exhibits from this or that standpoint. Rather, however, attention may be directed to the pleasant, sometime more than pleasant, pictures of Mr. William Padgett—the "Wild Weather" on a moorland, beside whose gaunt rocks are redleafed trees, for instance, and to the aerial effects of Mr. Moffat Lindner. [illegible] Terrick Williams and [illegible] to some purpose the glorious colours, the vibrant sunlight of Eastern cities. Miss Marion Colsridge's ambitious effort to illustrate Mr. Kipling's "Then stooped the Lord, and He called the good sea up to him"—the waters, blue and quiet to the left, leap upward with a would-be elemental passion on the right—must be taken as an interesting failure.

Owing to the impossibility of getting together a thoroughly representative body of artists, well known, popular, who had also been associated with the late Mr. Gillman, for the date originally suggested as the concert to be given in his memory, a postponement was effected, and the concert duly took place on Saturday afternoon at the Crystal Palace. Unhappy coincidence, however, was a marked feature of the afternoon; for, sadly enough, Mme. Ella Russell, Miss Marguerite Macintyre, and Mr. Andrew Black were prevented from appearing on account of colds. Miss Fanny Davies also could not appear, although she had made every effort to return in time for the concert from Vienna, where she had been playing three or four days ago. In her place, Miss Vera Margolies played the pianoforte; Mr. Charles Knowles, too, was added to the list of vocalists. We cannot help regretting extremely that a concert given for an object which must have appealed very strongly to everbody who knew the late Mr. Gillman should, by these unavoidable defalcations, have become one which might be described as being of the minor ballad order. Mr. Gillman was connected with the Crystal Palace for more than twenty-five years; but, as a little note by Mr. Ernest Schenk points out, it was only during the last seven years, when he occupied the position of general manager, that his personality became well known to the public. He was a most industrious and thorough man; on the the very day that he died he was occupied, while lying upon what proved to be his deathbed, with the details of the forthcoming Handel Festival, in which he was extremely interested; and the suddenness of his death may be gathered from the fact that, three or four days before, he was at work in his office at the Palace. All of those who came into contact with him remember his refinement of manner, his untailing courtesy, and his sense of fitness in all things. He was indefatigable in carrying out the multifarious duties which his own energy had imposed upon him, and in many respects he was possessed of something like a profound artistic feeling. Music, however, appealed chiefly to the æsthetic side of his nature, and he was ever ready to discuss that art, from a most intelligent standpoint, with any one whose interests lay in a similar direction. That such a tribute should be given, from one who encountered Mr. Gillman to a large extent from the business outlook upon things, may prove how influential his personality must have been to those who came in contact with him under more intimate circumstances. To unite a gentleness of manner in conferring favours with a strict business instinct is a gift that is extremely rare, and Mr. Gillman assuredly possessed that gift to a very extensive degree. Let these words then stand as our comment upon a hard-working and intelligent, a sympathetic, and a broad-minded man whose career has been so suddenly and so unexpectedly brought to a close. It would perhaps on such an occasion as this under the circumstances which we have described, be uncalled for to criticise detail by detail the concert of Saturday. It opened with Sullivan's lovely In Memoriam Overture, which was followed by the same composer's Thou'rt passing hence, my Brother, sung with extraordinary vigour and fire by Mr. Santley. Mme. Alice Esty sang Skylark, Pretty Rover, arranged on Airs from Handel's Overture to Alcinda, by A. C. Bunten; we are bound to say that it is a wearisome business, but she gave it extremely well, and in Tosti's Good-bye she was really most excellent, her clear and true voice embodied the pathos of the song without the least trace of sentimentality, yet with a full expression of its sentiment. Mr. John Coates sang Mozart's Il mio Tesoro, from Don Giovanni, but Mr. Coates's voice, it seems to us, has been perhaps too successfully employed in the interpretation of modern music to make him altogether a perfect Mozart singer. Moreover, it must be remembered that he chose in this case one of the most difficult tenor songs which Mozart ever wrote. Mr. Ben Davies—who, in these days, is always in excellent voice—was also among those who gave their services to the afternoon's entertainment. We are glad to hear that, from the financial point of view, the concert was very successful. It is hoped that over a thousand pounds will be handed over to the late Mr. Gillman's widow from the proceeds.

On Saturday night The Linkman, or

admirable, and we had many another imitation on the part of those who are immediately popular on the Gaisty stage to show us in memory many of those who are on longer there. We should not omit to mention, by the way, Mr. Lionel Mackinder's wonderful restoration of Mr. Edward Terry as Ali Baba in "The Forty Thieves;" in voice, in manner, and as near as may be in appearance, the thing was an exact reproduction of Mr. Terry's manner in burlesque. So the gay figures passed by as in a phantasmagoria. In some instances, of course, the actual exponents of various parts were able to repeat their old successes; such was the case of Mr. George Grossmith as Bertie Boyd, and Miss Connie Ediss as the Lady Mayoress and as Mrs. Bang. Mr. Edmund Payne, to return to this admirable comedian's part in the matter, was able also to bring us more or less up to date in work originally made popular by himself. Miss Gertie Millar, Miss Ethel Sydney, Mr. Harry Grattan, Miss Ladia Wheat, and others, contributed to an entertainment the point of which lay in the paradox that we were taking the keenest pleasure in that which had inevitably gone, and that we necessarily felt the sad element of the passage of time while enjoying to the full an hour of merriment restored from the past.

To an American interviewer Miss Ethel Smyth, the composer of "Der Wald," has given some interesting particulars of her career as opera composer. "Fantasio," written some ten years ago was her first opera. "It is quite bad," admitted Miss Smyth, with refreshing frankness. "That was no discouragement to me though, for I had learned that first attempts were likely to be bad. The difficulties in the way of getting a first opera produced are heart breaking. I trotted around for five years with "Fantasio" under my arm. Every little while I would exhaust my funds and go back to my home in England where I could live for nothing and remain there until I had saved enough money to make another venture among managers. Hermann Levy the great Wagnerian conductor, told me that to witness one regular performance of an opera of my own, however bad, would be a better schooling for me than five years of work with a wet towel around my head. I now believe him. It was Levy, by the way, who first suggested to me that I should write an opera. He is the one German I ever knew who did not scorn the suggestion of a woman doing anything. I had written a Mass. When he saw it he told me he believed my talent lay in writing an opera. After the first had been given to the public I devoted myself to Der Wald, I wrote the words in German, because I then thought it the language which best lent itself to such composition. Within a few years, however, I awakened to the adaptability of the English language. I have another opera which will be ready soon. While the libretto is my own the idea and its development are the work of an American, Mr. H. B. Brewster, who now lives in Paris. I am enchanted with his work. I believe any composer would give ten years of his life if he could say that what Mr. Brewster has done in this piece was his.

On Tuesday afternoon Mr. Kreisler gave his fifth recital at the Queen's Hall and opened his concert with Bach's Concerto in E major No. 2. Much as we admire Mr. Kreisler, we are inclined to think that he was not gaily classic enough, nor was he quite classically gay. Lest such a phrase should appear to be paradoxical, we hasten to explain that the classic masters are no longer modern in the gaiety which they undoubtedly felt when they wrote their music; yet still their mirth remains as a contemporary fact; but Mr. Kreisler did not quite appreciate that fact fully enough, and he was inclined to make the merriment of Bach somewhat lugubrious. When, however, he let himself go, in the "Allegro assai," he became frankly too modern, and, therefore, in the phrase that we have used, he was not classically gay. The "Adagio," however, was played with much tenderness of feeling and with a curious sort of intimacy, which Mr. Kreisler almost alone among contemporary violinists possesses, and which is extremely attractive to the listener. He uses his violin in such a connection, not so much as an instrument on which to play, as an instrument which is part of his own being; one recalls "Hamlet." In listening we thought how exactly Mr. Kreisler reversed that great commentary;—"Call me what instrument you will; though you can fret me, you cannot play upon me." In Mozart's "Andante" from the "Clarinet Quintet in D major," Mr. Kreisler seemed almost unconsciously to have laid a trap for all subsequent interpreters, and after the beginning of things he fell away rather lamentably. Any young pianist who knows aught of Mozart's sonatas, for example, will recall the little feeling of joy with which the first ten bars are encountered; that is because the simplicity of the idea is at first unadorned and uncomplicated; a little later the developments belong to so secluded a province of of art that a man has to be very wary before he can be sure that he is doing his composer justice. Into that trap Mr. Kreisler undoutedly fell; the continuation of his Mozart playing was not nearly so good as the beginning. Mozart, indeed, reminds one of some athletic swimmer, who, on the surface of the waters, is admired by all who may chance to see him; the moment he takes his dive into the depths of the sea, he, to the superficial observer, has gone and vanished; and he is only to be found by those who will follow him into the depths whither he has dived. Mr. Kreisler played with wonderful feeling Nardini's composition, which for the convenience of the programme was entitled "Andante-Allegretto;" and in it he proved the beauty of his tone and the depth of his musical emotion. In Moskowski's Ballade in G. minor he played pathetically, with wonderful feeling and with, if the phrase be not too much outworn, infinite tenderness. In fact, he is a great artist, and yesterday afternoon's concert showed that he never deflects from the high level which he reached when he first appealed to a critical verdict. Mr. Hamilton Harty was Mr. Kreisler's accompanist at the piano, and every praise is due to him, not only for the alertness with which he was able to keep pace with the humours of the violinist, but also for the beautiful technique which in touch and in accomplishment proved him to be a pianist whose services in such work as this belong to a very high order of merit.

DISTRIBUTION OF DURBAR CERTIFICATES AT AKOLA.

On Wednesday last a very interesting ceremony, writes a correspondent, was witnessed in Akola in connection with the distribution of "certificates in recognition of long and efficient service in the Education Department of Berar." Mr. Candy, the Director of Public Instruction, presided, and presented the certificates by command of the Viceroy in the name of the King-Emperor. In all, four certificates fell to the lot of the Educational Department of Berar. The first recipient was Mr. H. M. Shevade, the late Principal of the Training College, who retired from the place in January after 33 years' zealous service. He came to the Province as Sanskrit teacher in the High School which was then newly started. Mr. Candy eulogised the services of Mr. Shevade. He said Mr. Shevade was a preceptor in the true sense of the word, and his thoughts were wholly devoted to the pupils under his charge. That was the reason why he exerted such influence over their minds, and was in fact their friend, guide, and philosopher. He devoted himself wholly to the task that fortune had assigned to him, and worked with nothing but the good of the pupils at heart. His example was wholly to be kept in view by every school master, and especially head master who wishes to do his duty well. Mr. Candy also spoke of the honorary work which Mr. Shevade had done as Secretary of the Text Book Committee for Berar, and the very able manner in which he discharged the duty which demanded much of his private time and much labour. The past and present students of the Training College have collected a subscription, and they intend, I hear, to have Mr. Shevade's portrait hung in the College in honour of their respected preceptor. I understand that Mr. Candy will preside at the opening ceremony.

The second recepient was Mr. Suryabhan Javji who has made his school of Kelivali a model of cleanliness and good management. He has opened a Boarding House for the boys, and has started a female school wholly on his own initiative.

Mr. Candy presented Mr. Shevade's certificate to his son, Mr. Shevade being ill at a place near Akola to which he has lately removed on account of the plague. Mr. Shevade's son thanked the assembly and Mr. Candy on behalf of his father, and read a note from his father in which he feelingly thanked the authorities for their kindness in giving him such satisfaction in his old age, and prayed for long life to the King-Emperor and the permanence of his rule over India. Mr. Suryabhan Javji also thanked Mr Candy in the vernacular, and after distribution of garlands, flowers, and pansupari the assembly dispersed.

ADDRESS OF CONGRATULATION TO H. H. THE JAM OF JAMNAGAR.

A WELL-ATTENDED meeting of the inhabitants of Jamnagar at present resident in Bombay and other Hindu citizens was held yesterday in the hall of the Muljee Jethas Cloth Market, to adopt an address of congratulation to H. H. the Jam of Jamnagar, who is about to be installed on the gadi of his ancestors. On the motion of Mr. Ramjee Lukhmidas, seconded by Mr. Lukhmidas Bhimjee, Mr. Vithaldas Damoder Thackersey, a prominent mill-owner and member of the Municipal Corporation, was called to the chair.

The chairman, in addressing the meeting, said:—Allow me to heartily thank you for doing me the honour of selecting me as your chairman to-day. I consider this occasion as an unique one, as it comes once in the life of a man. The late H. H. Jam Sri Vibhaji came on the throne in 1854, nearly fifty years ago, and our hearty wish to Almighty is that our present H. H. Jam Jashvatsingjee may rule for a still longer period. Many of you are undoubtedly aware how H. H. Jam Sri Vibhajee loved us. During his rule he tried his utmost to make his subjects happy and prosperous by improving the administration and helping the needy with a liberal hand. His genial hospitality and liberal-mindedness was a by-word amongst his subjects. The present Maharaja Jamsaheb is born of such noble stock, and nature has gifted him with all the superior qualities and excellent characteristics of his forefathers. In addition to these natural gifts, his Highness has received liberal education in the Rajkumar College for some years. I can say with confidence that his Highness will do full justice to the trust reposed in him and that he will be an ideal monarch. The coincidence is specially marked when the Coronation of our benign sovereign, King Edward VII. and H. H. The Jamsaheb comes practically in the same year. Let us all pray to Almighty that He may give him long life and energy to carry out satisfactorily the trust reposed in him. (Applause.)

It was proposed by Kumar Shri Samatsingjee, seconded by Mr. Waljee Jewraj, and carried that, on the auspicious occasion of his Highness's accession to the gadi, the loyal subjects of His Highness, resident in Bombay, and others express their heart-felt joy, and send their respectful greetings to his Highness.

It was proposed by Mr. Manishanker Govindjee, seconded by Mr. Raojee Narain, and carried, that an address of congratulation (read to the meeting) be presented to his Highness, and that the chairman and Mr. Waljee Jewraj, be appointed a deputation to hand over the address to his Highness in person.

The address stated that his Highness's subjects and admirers, resident in Bombay, respectfully congratulated him on the auspicious occasion of his accession to the gadi, which had been founded by his ancestor of great fame, Shri Raval Jam, whose descendants had maintained untarnished his reputation for truth, justice, and philanthropy by keeping his subjects happy and contented, etc.

Mr. Rattiram Durgaram Dave, in supporting the proposition, said that his Highness had already received in the Rajkumar College the educational culture requisite for the proper Government of his territories; and that while in the College he had shown himself to be a brilliant student.

Several other speakers having addressed the meeting, and some verses in praise of the Jam having been sung, the proceedings closed with thanks to the chairman and to the committee who called the meeting.

MISSIONARY WORK IN BOMBAY.

A MEETING of the ladies interested in missionary work in Bombay was held on Monday afternoon at Seaside, Pedder-road, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. E. Procter, with the object of arousing interest in the various mission agencies.

Miss Wilson, of the Zenana Bible and Medical Mission, in addressing the meeting, gave a brief sketch of the work done by this society, and said the work of the society was known and appreciated by many Parsees, Hindus, and Mahomedans, who availed themselves of the excellent opportunities offered at the Mission's High School at Girgaum for educating their children. In the Beni-Israelite School there were 185, and in the School for Khoja Mahomedans sixty to eighty children were in attendance. During the last few years a training college for kindergarten teachers had also been started, where not a few availed themselves of the privilege of a course of study usually difficult to obtain in India.

Miss Dhanjibhai, daughter of the Rev. Dhanjibhai Nowroji, of the Free Church Mission, then gave a most interesting account of her work among the Gujarati-speaking women of Bombay.

Miss Abbott, of the American Marathi Mission, said that until lately practically nothing had been done for the blind children. At present more were bestirring themselves to see what could be done for this neglected and unfortunate class, and the American Mission, some two years ago, started active and definite work in that direction. In the home in Love Lane fifty of these unfortunates are housed and cared for.

Two blind children then gave a most instructive demonstration, and read and wrote Braille type and sang and recited.

Miss Abbott, in conclusion, made an earnest appeal for the co-operation and help of those present in carrying on her home for widows.

BOMBAY RIFLE CLUB.

THE following is the result of the 29th and 30th Spoon Competitions, fired for on the 17th instant. The next shoot will be on Tuesday next, the 24th instant, distances 300, 700 and 800 yards:—

	Score 700 yards.
Sergt-Instr W H Cooper, Bo Vol Rifles	26 a
Sergt-Major J H Downing, Bo Vol Rifles	25 b
Vol C Lillywhite, G I P Ry Vols	22 c
Vol A S Alcock, G I P Ry Vols	20
Clr Sergt W Fry, G I P Ry Vols	20
Cr Sergt H M C Harris, Bo Vol Rifles	19
Sergt P R Soundy, Bo Vol Rifles	14
a Handicapped 6 points, Winner of Spoon.	
b do, 6 do.	
c do. 8 do.	

	Score 800 yards.
Clr Sergt H M C Harris, Bo Vol Rifles	27 a
Sergt-Instr W H Cooper, Bo Vol Rifles	25 b
Vol C H Lillywhite, G I P Ry Vols	24 b
Sergt-Major J H Downing, Bo Vol Rifles	23 c
Sergt P R Soundy, Bo Vol Rifles	23 d
Vol A S Alcock, G I P Ry Vols	21
Clr Sergt W Fry, G I P Ry Vols	13
a Handicapped 6 points, Winner of Spoon.	
b do. 8 do.	
c do. 6 do.	
d do. 2 do.	

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY CARBINE ASSOCIATION.

THE following are the highest scores made in Matches IV, VII, and VIII shot for on the 22nd and 23rd February:—

MATCH IV.	Score.
Gr G V Evans	23
C Qr-Mr Sergt A L Rhenius	17
Gr O M P Clyne	16
Gr J R Allen	15
Sergt-Instr G Lown	15
Corpl P Hunter	14
Sergt J Miller	14
Major M Walker	13
MATCH VII.	Hits.
Sergt J. Miller	4
Sergt C F Spencer	2
C Qr-Mr Sergt A L Rhenius	2
Sergt-Instr H Solley	2
Gr J H Harris	2
Gr A Fenner	2
Gr J Doming	2
MATCH VIII.	Hits.
Corpl F Hainsworth	2
Gr G V Evans	2
Br J Whitehead	1
Gr R Walters	1
Gr W Grune	1
Gr B Mason	1

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague, Attacks	Plague, Deaths	Deaths from all Causes
A Upper Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	6	5	8
B Mandvi, Chakla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	39	28	44
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	37	25	37
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalaxmi	28	20	25
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	50	41	69
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	13	14	26
G Mahim and Worlee	20	12	17
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-resident and unknown	0	9	0
Hospitals		15	26
Total	193	161	252
Total plague deaths to date	218,601	110,089	
Same date last year	81	94	229

THE CRICKET TEAM FOR ENGLAND.

The proposal to send a representative team of Parsee, Hindu, and Mahomedan cricketers to England next year has, writes "Major Max" in the "Indian Sporting Times," been taken up with great keenness by the small but select band of local enthusiasts who have formed themselves into a committee and who are determined that no pains shall be spared to make the visit an accomplished fact. A good deal, of course, now depends upon the view taken of the proposed visit by the home cricket authorities and the liberality of the Indian Princes and other patrons of the game out here in responding to the committee's appeal for the wherewithal to form a guarantee fund. The committee are in a position to guarantee that the team will be a thoroughly representative one, and this, I take it, is all that Mr. Lacey, the M. C. C. Secretary, and Mr. Alcock, the Surrey County Secretary, require to be certain about before arranging the preliminaries on the other side. Provided that K. S. Ranjitsinhji and K. S. Singh can be got to assist in some of the more important I am convinced that there is not the slightest risk of the undertaking failing either financially or from a cricket standpoint. Apart from these two players the team would be a strong one, and should shape well against the weaker counties. I fancy a surprise awaits English cricketers, and that the team will come through the tour with flying colours. Some of the critics appear doubtful as to the ability of Indian batsmen to withstand first-class bowling. It is possible that the batting of the team in the beginning of the tour may not rise to a very high standard, but after a few matches the team will hang well together and will prove a most difficult side to dismiss. Mistri, Jayaram, Ahsun-ul-Hak, Meherhomji, Kanga (H. D.), and one or two others will, or I am very much mistaken, develope into batsmen of the very highest class before the tour is completed. The bowling, too, will not disappoint home batsmen, and there will be days when Mehta, Mistri Baloo, Ali Hasan and Co will startle the cricket world by exceptional performances. There is too great a tendency to under rate the strength of Native Indian cricket, and for this reason, if for no other, if it is only to show home cricketers that the game out here has progressed to a far greater extent than they suspect, it is high time that a representative team should follow the example of the South Africans and West Indians, and visit England. There should be no difficulty in raising the Rs. 38000 required as a guarantee fund. If the Fiji Islanders are able and willing to open their purse strings to finance the visit of a team to England, a visit, which, by the bye, no matter how hopefully the promoters may regard it, cannot turn out a financial success, surely the Indian Princes will not be hesitant about lending their support to a movement which not only promises to be a financial success so far as the return of their money is concerned, but will elevate Indian cricket to a higher status in the cricket world. It would reflect everlasting discredit upon India were the present scheme to fail through for want of a guarantee fund of a couple of thousand pounds. There are thousands of sportsmen who risk large sums on horse racing, and out of this number I am convinced that some will be found who will not be backward in supporting the present movement.

THE FAMINE.

THE number of persons in receipt of relief during the preceding and present weeks in each Province throughout India is shown in the following table:—

Name of Province.	Preceding week. (Revised figures.) Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.
British Provinces.			
Central Provinces	28162	6314	34476
Total British Provinces	28162	6314	34476
Native States.			
Rajputana States	...	631	631
Total Native States	...	631	631
Grand Total	28162	6945	35107

Name of Province.	Present Week. Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	Increase or decrease.
British Provinces.				
Central Provinces	26414	10411	36825	+ 2319
Total British Provinces	26414	10411	36825	+ 2319
Native States.				
Rajputana States	...	...	...	— 631
Total Native States	...	...	...	— 631
Grand Total	26414	10411	36825	+ 1718

INDIAN INVENTIONS AND DESIGNS.

APPLICATIONS in respect of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act during the week ending 7th March:—Sir W.G. Armstrong, Whitworth and Company, Limited, manufacturing engineers, of Elswick Works, Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, for improvements in stops or buffers for holding wagons while being tipped for discharging their contents. Chevur Krishnachar Subba Rao, Sub-assistant Director of Agriculture, Madras, Chepauk Post Office for an improved water lift and general working power. James Hodgkinson, engineer, c-o M. C. Runnagur and Company, 27, Medows street, Fort, Bombay, for improvements in automatic stokers. Lewis Peter Ford, gentleman, of 32, Victoria street, in the City of Westminister, in the County of London, England, mould for the manufacture of large blocks of artificial stone. Beaumont Richard Harrington, civil engineer, of 4, Middleton Row, Calcutta, for septic tanks having effluent drain into subsoil. Jogendra Nath Chatterjee, ironmonger of Utter Batra in the district of Howrah, and at No. 21, Durmahutta street, Burrabazar, in the town of Calcutta for the manufacture of cast-iron cooking pans. Walter Lamont, engineer, of Cairnsmore, Queen street, Helensburgh, Dumbartonshire, Scotland, and David Kinloch Michie, engineer, of Colombo Iron Works, Colombo, Ceylon, for improvements in and relating to tea drying machines.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 17TH MARCH.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has fallen briskly to rapidly over the whole country lying to the north of Latitude 15° and has been steady or has changed only slight to its south.

Winds are north-easterly or north-westerly at most of the reporting stations. The force has been fresh at Jamnagar and Dwarka.

Temperature remains more or less in defect to the north of Latitude 18° and about normal to its south.

The maximum ranged from 154° at Cuddapah to 83° at Delhi and Lahore and the minimum from 51° at Lahore to 80° at Cochin.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is partially cloudy at Lahore, Jacobabad, Masulipatam and Bellary. Humidity changes are unimportant.

Rain.—None recorded anywhere.

Weather.—Two areas of low pressure seem to exist one to the west-north-west of Jacobabad and the other on and off the west coast between Dwarka and Calicut. The weather to the west-north-west of Jacobabad seems to be unsettled.

Yesterday's Simla report says:—

"The barometer is falling in Persia and rain has been received at Bushire and Teheran and the direction of the wind show that disturbed weather is probably advancing eastwards."

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

EXPERIMENTS made in the Government forests of the Central Provinces last year, with a view to ascertaining the possibility of complying with Mr. Tata's demand for charcoal for iron smelting works, have not been altogether encouraging. The cost proved to be Rs. 15 5-9 per ton of charcoal which is prohibitive. The Forest Department hopes to eventually reduce the price to Rs. 10-8 per ton. It states that expense was not so much its object, in the earlier operations, as the training of the establishment and labourers in improved methods of preparation.

THE first Rhodes Scholarship in Natal has been awarded to Mr. De Charmoy, a Colonist of French descent. He has been educated locally.

THE DEFAMATION CASE.

AT the Esplanade Police Court yesterday Mr. Karsondas Chhabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, further heard the case in which Sitaram Laxmon, a Municipal contractor, was charged with defamation, by Teju Kaya, also a Municipal contractor. Mr. D. B. Binning, Barrister-at-law, instructed by Mr. Bharucha, solicitor, appeared for the prosecution; and Mr. T. J. Strangman, barrister-at-law, instructed by Mr. Moos, Solicitor, defended the accused.

In the opening of the proceeding Mr. Strangman said that he wanted to correct the statement made by his client on the last occasion. When he said he maintained the contents of the letter to be true, the accused meant that at the time he put his signature on the letter he believed them to be true. The position of his client was that he sent his Karkun Parashram to the Municipal Office on the 2nd February with instructions to tender at rates not higher than rates submitted before. Eventually they arranged that the complainant should tender one anna higher, and the accused should not tender for the road metal contract. The tender of the accused was then submitted according to the arrangement, but the complainant handed in his tender afterwards at rates which the defence believed were not lower than theirs as arranged. The accused on discovering this came to the conclusion that there was collusion between the complainant and Parashram who gave rates which he was not authorised to give. Unfortunately the accused was unable to procure Parashram's attendance.

His Worship remarked that no process had been applied for to procure Parashram's attendance.

Mr. Strangman continued that without prejudice to the defence his client was willing to express his regret for the passage complained of in the letter to the Municipal Commissioner, dated the 4th February. The accused was also ready to explain to the Commissioner how he came to make the statement in the letter.

Mr. Binning asked: Did the accused now admit that his statements were false?

Mr. Strangman replied that his client was ready to accept the complainant's statement that Parashram did not act at his (complainant's) instigation in giving the directions to the Municipal clerk for the filling up of the tender submitted by the accused.

Mr. Binning said that the expression of regret had come too late in the day. The case had been proceeded with for two days and a good deal of mud had been thrown at his client. Counsel said that the accused had read his statement twice and corrected it.

Khimji Kheraj, a partner of the accused, further examined by Mr. Strangman said he had a conversation with Teju about tenders. Teju told him that there were no other tenders except his and the accused's firms.

Mr. Binning asked whether the evidence was relevant.

Mr. Strangman said that his contention was that the fact that Teju and Parashram had arrived at the Municipal Office together, led the accused to believe subsequently that they had acted in collusion. His object was to show the good faith of the accused.

Continuing, witness said that the complainant suggested to him that he (witness) should not submit a tender for annual repairs and road metal. He also said that he would have to submit a tender for the supply of bullocks and carts just to make a show, but he would put down an anna more in his tender than the amount mentioned by his (witness') firm. The complainant's nephew who was then present filled up the form for the supply of bullocks and carts for one year and handed over to the witness the form for the supply of bullocks and carts for three years duly signed by him. He assented to the arrangement as proposed by the complainant. The complainant had two tender forms, one for one year and one for three years for the supply of bullocks and carts contract. The witness too had two forms which were brought by his "Karkun" Parashram to the Municipal Office. They were not filled in but were signed by the accused. He asked Parashram what instructions he had received from the accused with regard to the rates to be filled in. Parashram replied that he had instructions to put down the rates not higher than those put down for the contract which was then in force. After consultation with the complainant two forms were filled in by his clerk and three forms were filled in by the complainant's clerk. One of the three forms was for one year and belonged to the complainant's nephew. He then told his clerk Luxmon Shamrao to hand over his two forms to the Chief Accountant, Teju Kaya gave his forms to his clerk Dhondiha. He remembered that Teju's rates in the form were higher than his by one anna. He did not see Dhondiha take away the forms of the complainant. The witness left the office after handing his forms to Luxmon. Next day he went to the Municipal Office to ascertain whose tender was accepted. He ascertained that the Teju Kaya's rates were lower than his. According to the agreement he had sent no tender for the road metal and annual repairs contract.

The case stands adjourned till this afternoon.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL E. F. NICHOLSON, A. D. C., COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 18th March.

1. The Regiment will parade at Coorla Station, G. I. P. Railway at 3-45 p.m. on Saturday next the 21st instant for Sectional Practices with ball ammunition.

Dress—Drill order, Khaki, Putties and Cawnpore Hats. Field Service Caps must be brought to this parade.

Cadet will not attend this parade.

2. It is notified for information that the Annual Inspection of the Corps will take place on the General Parade Ground at 4-15 p.m. on Saturday the 28th instant.

3. Members in possession of Rifles are requested to return them to Head-Quarters for the Quarterly Inspection, under Para 242 A R I Volume IX. The Rifles will be re-issued within a few minutes after receipt.

Members are reminded that for Colonel Bayley's Challenge Cup 15 per cent. of marks are given to Companies for the punctual and good return of Arms.

4. Members who have not yet received their Bayonets can now do so on application to Head-Quarters.

5. The Range is open daily for Class Firing. Volunteers are reminded that to qualify as an extra efficient a man must fire the 2nd period that is at 600, 700 and 800 yards. An aggregate score of 130 points in 1st and 2nd periods qualifies a man as a marksman. The Commandant hopes every Volunteer will endeavour to make himself a marksman.

6. "D" Company will parade on Wednesday the 25th instant, at the Telegraph Quarters, Waudby Road, at 5 p.m.

Dress—Plain clothes with Rifles and Side Arms.

7. There will be drill for "E" Company at St. Mary's College Grounds, Byculla, to-day (Wednesday) the 18th instant, at 5-30 p.m., and at the Medical College Grounds, J. J. Hospital on Friday the 20th instant, at 8-15 p.m.

Dress.—Plain clothes, with Rifles and Side Arms.

8. D Company team will fire for the "Nicholson Challenge Cup" at Coorla on Wednesday the 25th inst., at 6-45 a.m.

9. "A" Company Team will fire for the "Bayley Shield" at Coorla on Thursday 19th instant at 6-45 a.m. and for the "Nicholson Challenge Cup" on Thursday the 26th inst. at 6-45 a.m.

10. There will be a parade at Head-quarters for Members of the Proficiency Class on Friday next the 20th inst. at 6 p.m.

11. "C" Company will parade at the Sir Richard Temple's Statue to-day (Wednesday) the 18th instant, at 6-30 p.m.

Dress—Plain Clothes with Rifles and Side Arms.

12. Targets will be ready from 7 to 8 a.m. on Friday next the 20th instant at the Revolver Range of the 21st Bombay Infantry (Marine Lines). All Officers who have not completed their Revolver practice are requested to attend.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Major,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

Bombay, 18th March.

The Squadron will parade for the Annual Inspection at Santa Cruz on Saturday the 21st instant, at 4-15 p.m.

Dress—Marching order.

All members present in Bombay must attend or furnish a medical certificate.

By Order,
T. W. CUFFE, Capt.,
Commanding B. L. H.

THE WOMEN'S MISSION ASSOCIATION.

A SALE of work organized in aid of the Schools and Zenana work of the Women's Mission Association of the S. P. G. was opened yesterday at the Mission House Bellasis Road, Byculla. An attractive and large selection of saleable articles was on view, including cushions, table-cloths, children's clothing, wool work, and kindergarten works of various designs. The following ladies assisted at the sale: Mrs. Aston, Miss Aston, Mrs. Chambers, Miss Chambers, Miss Gostling, Mrs. Allum, Mrs Gundry, Mrs. Coles, and Mrs. Graveston.

THE Royal Zoological Society of Ireland are the champion breeders of lions in captivity. Since 1857 no fewer than 220 lion cubs have been born in the Zoological Gardens, Phœnix Park, of which 116 were males, 103 females, and one of unrecorded sex. The stock of lions at present stands higher than ever. The Society possesses twenty-one lions.

MR. HENRY FENNELL, in a letter to the "Times," points out that the capture from the Shannon by Mr. F. Milburn of a salmon in splendid condition, weighing 54lb., and measuring, length 50in., girth 30in., does not, as stated, represent the Shannon record. In 1872 an angler landed on the Shannon a fish of 58lb. In 1874 a salmon of 57lb. (reported at the time to have weighed 60lb.) was landed by a professional fisherman, Michael Maher, at Longfield on the river Suir, county Tipperary.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

THE P. & O. Co.'s steamer Arabia, Captain J. L. Parfitt, which is expected to arrive in Bombay on Friday next, brings the following passengers:—

Adams Lieut F
Armsley Mrs L St J
Bradshaw Maj
Bromhead Miss
Bean Mr C A
Burn Mr E R
Bishop Mr F J
Barrow Mrs Waller
Bromley Mr A H
Bailey Capt P J
Burton Lieut G W
Bubb Mr Edward
Black Capt J A
Buncher Mr A J
Beatty Capt
Bloodsworth Mr
Brest Miss
Brett, Mrs G
Baillie Miss
Body Mrs C
Chapman Mrs A
Cowper Mr J S
Cape Mr and Mrs A
Cook Miss
Corbett Mr R J
Cook Mr J
Carnduff Mr and Mrs
Cloyden Mr
Cloyden Miss B and 3 children
Dickie Mrs M
Deane Mrs
Dalgado Mrs M child and infant
Davis Mrs
Davis Mr C
Ferd Mr A W
Frizelle Mr A
Fullers Mrs
Fawcett Mrs M
Glennie Miss
Gair Mr C H
Gale Mr and Mrs M H L and infant
Gerrard Mrs and infant
Hastings Mrs
Harwell Miss A
Hawkins Lt Col F
Hutchinson Capt C A R
Hepworth Mr J W
Hopworth Miss E R
Hepworth Miss F E
Haywad Mr H
Heywood Rev Mrs B S child and infant
Hawkes Maj F B
Hamsworth Mr G
Howson Mr C J
Hutchinson Col
Hawkes Lieut G A
Jukes Mrs
James Mrs W C
Jones Mrs
Jackson Mr and Mrs and child
Johnston Master J
Johnston Maj B A
Johnston Mr J
Jewell Mrs S
Keatley Mrs
Kerr Mrs
Low Miss
Lalatha Miss L
Le Maistre Mrs G H
Lea Miss
Moore Rev A K
Mullenaux Mrs A
Moorhead Mr A
Moorhead Dr J
MacLeod Miss
Mortimer Rev and Mrs E
Meredith Mr A
Murray Mr J D
Mahony Mrs G
Nathernale Mrs A R
Oliver Mr E J
Peel Lieut-Col F
Peel Miss
Phayre Miss R
Parry Mr
Phillimore Mrs M
Parry M J
Parsons Miss A
Parker Miss
Powell Miss
Rimon Mr G A
Roche Capt
Ross Mr A
Reynolds Mrs A C
Robertson Mr and Mrs A and child
Reid Maj C C
Richards Capt and Mrs and child
Skelton Miss
Stevenson Lieut G H
Sarab Mr and Mrs V
Shaw Mrs and child
Smith Miss H M
Storer Mr S M
Stapleton Capt J P
Sempill Miss
Shaw Mr A R
Sullivan Maj and Mrs R
Thomson Miss
Taylor Mr J L
Thomson Maj
Tyle Rev M
Veseystroug Miss F
Wheeler Capt and Mrs
Way Mrs
Way Mr T A H
Warwick Dr
Weston Mrs and son
Wakefield Mr T R
Webb Mr Marshall
Wilson Mrs and child
Waterworth Mr J L
Wallinger Mr
Wallinger 2 Misses
Wilson Rev and Mrs
Yates Miss

PASSENGERS PER S. S. TRIESTE.

THE following is the list passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice per Austrian Lloyd's ss Trieste from Victoria Dock No. 7 to-day (Wednesday). The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will take place at 12-15 p. m. sharp and deck passengers must be at the new Disinfecting Station with all their bedding and kit on the same day at 9 a. m.:—

FOR TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Lt A J Andry
Miss V Arbuckle
Mr W Ball
Miss Barton
Deaconness Beynon
Mrs C H Bompass, nurse and child
Miss de Bourbel
Miss Carew
Mrs E Cooper
Mr J R Cornagh
Miss Gregor
Mr F W Hanson
Revd E J A Hollings
Miss Horsfall
Miss A M Hutchinson
Mrs C W L Jackson
Master Jackson and governess
Deaconness Julia
Lt-Col Mrs C Justice, and two children
Mrs E P Lambert and child
Two Children of Mrs Lichtenstein
Miss Manington
Mrs T K Markham
Mr N Medley
Mr and Mrs Robertson
Mrs Rooke
Mr Otte Stalf
Col A J, and Mrs Stead and child
Two Misses Stead
Mrs A B Stratton
Mr A Stroymayer
Miss R Theumer
Major E G G Thwaythes
Revd, and Mrs Troche, two children and two infants

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

MARCH 17.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN—Via Teheran, Perfect Via Turkey Perfect Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE—Via Teheran, Perfect, Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez perfect.
AMERICA—Via Brest perfect, Via Valentia, perfect, Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA—Via Penang, perfect, Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect, Via Amoor, perfect, Via Bhamo, perfect.
AFRICA—Via Aden, perfect, Via Cadiz Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.
Cable Cayenne Pinheiros interrupted.
Cable Guantanamo Mole St Nicholas interrupted.
Cable Puerto Plata Martinique interrupted.
Cables Dominique Martinique, St. Lucia Martinique Guadaloupe Martinique, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, interrupted.
Telegrams will be conveyed frequently by steamers.
Cable communication with Martinique is open via Lisbon and Cadiz.
Telegrams can only be accepted at sender's risk.
Code addresses should not be used.
Cable Paramaribo Cayenne Interrupted.
Cable Zanzibar Mombasa interrupted.
Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 17th March 1903.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	17	12	5 p m	0	20
Suez	17	2	40 p m	0	9

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay, during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 17th March, 1903.

	Maximum Time H.	M.	Minimum Time, H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	51	0	1
" Karachi	0	13	0	1
" Madras	0	31	0	1

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic Earnings for the week ending 14th February 1903.

	Coaching Traffic.	Goods Traffic.	Sundry Receipts.	Total for the week.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Approximate earnings for week ending 14th Feb. 1902— G I P R system	2,47,065	10,39,906	3,739	13,40,710
I M R do	72,453	1,95,257	660	2,68,370
Total	3,19,518	12,35,163	4,398	16,09,080
Actuals for corresponding week ending 15th

WRITERS AND READERS.

Mrs. Gertrude Atherton's last novel, "The Conqueror," dealt with the romantic career of Alexander Hamilton, the American statesman. Her first intention was to write a biography of him, and she has so far returned to the idea that she is now preparing a volume of his letters. It will be published by Messrs. Macmillan.

Mr. Murray announces a new book by Lady Gregory, who has been closely identified with the Irish literary movement of recent years. It is entitled "Poets and Dreamers," and it consists of critical essays on Irish poetry and poetry writers, with translations from their work. The period covered is from Jacobite times down to our own day. Lady Gregory gives an interesting account, gathered from Galway farmers, of a wandering poet, known as Raffery, who carried on the tradition of the old Irish bards until about seventy years ago.

Nearly fifteen years have elapsed since Mr. W. H. Lilly wrote a book with the title Some Chapters in European History. He makes it the basis of a new work, entitled "Christianity and Modern Civilisation." Comparatively little of the first book is used in this much larger and more comprehensive work. It may be called a study, from the Roman Catholic standpoint, of Christianity down the ages. Messrs. Chapman are to publish the book.

"At the present moment," a member of the Routledge firm, as newly organised, said yesterday, "we are reinstating the old Routledge catalogue. It consisted very largely of standard novels, and half a million copies of these are in course of being printed." Captain Mayne Reid's books, which in all make fifty-six volumes, are included in this great mass of literature. Then James Grant's stories belong to it, and so do those of G. P. R. James, which have never lost their reading public. The old favourites are evidently not forgotten in these days of so many new writers.

Signor Luigi Ricci, who is the secretary of the Dante Society, has made a new English translation of Dante's "Vita Nuova." He tells us that—it does not claim to supersede either Sir Theodore Martin's scholarly and learned translation, or the poetical and full version of D. G. Rossetti. It is a practical invitation to English students of Dante to read his works in Italian. An Italian text is given with the English translation. Signor Ricci states that 7,000 books have actually been written on Dante and his works. Messrs. Kegan Paul will publish the volume.

One way or another, the "Wake Up" cry is giving us a good deal of new literature. A well known writer, who merely signs himself "Legislator, has written a book so suggested. It is entitled The Coming Reaction, and it will be published on an early date by Mr. John Milne. The work is a survey and a criticism of our economic system, as being unsuitable to our present-day life and needs as an Empire. Hence a reaction against it is foretold, Legislator thus has his own view of the way to Wake Up, but primarily his book is a close study in English history.

Some new volumes are to be added to the American Sportsman's Library, which is published here by Messrs Macmillan. One volume will deal with photography for sportsmen, and in another experts write on guns, ammunition, and hunting tackle. A fourth volume will be on the subject of water-fowl, and a fifth on the bison and other rare animals of North America. Within recent years English anglers have crossed the Atlantic to fish for tarpon and tuna in American waters. There is to be a book dealing with those great game fish, specimens of which have been caught weighing 400 pounds.

The new letters of Jane Welsh Carlyle are pretty certain to revive the controversy of which Froude was the storm centre just twenty years ago. It is interesting, therefore, to recall what Froude said in his preface to the original volumes. He wrote: Mr. Carlyle did not order the publication of these letters, though he anxiously desired it. He left the decision to Mr. Forster, Mr. John Carlyle and myself. Mr. Forster and Mr. John Carlyle having both died in Mr. Carlyle's time, the responsibility fell entirely upon me. Mr. Carlyle asked me a few months before his end what I meant to do. I told him that when the Reminiscences had been published I had decided that the Letters might, and should be published also. Mr. Carlyle requested in his will that my judgment in the matter should be accepted as his own.

Within the next few days Messrs. Longman are to publish the history, which Mr. H. H. S. Pearse has edited, of Lumsden's Horse, and the part the corps took in the South African campaign. As the preface states, the book—is intended to be no more than a regimental record, enlivened by the personal experiences of men who helped to make history at a time when the whole British Empire was moved by one impulse. India's part in that movement is the inspiring theme, and one object has been to show how the idea of organising an Indian Volunteer contingent for service in South Africa passed from inception to accomplishment, through the efforts of a committee in Calcutta which made itself responsible for every financial liability in connection with the corps from its formation to its disbandment. The work has many portraits, and an interesting series of campaign pictures.

New novels by Mr. James Lane Allen and the American Mr. Winston Churchill are promised by Messrs. Macmillan.—Miss Mary E. Wilkins has written a story entitled The Wind in the Rose Bush, and Mr. Murray is to publish it.—Contrasts is the title of a volume of stories by the Hon. Mrs. Henniker which Mr. John Lane will publish during the spring.—Mr. Seppings Wright tells the adventures of two horses during the South African war in a story which Messrs. Sands are to publish under the title The Clang of the Bell.—Miss Florence Warden's new novel, which Messrs. Chatto are to publish opens in Yorkshire. Its title is The Heart of a Girl.—Messrs. Isbister announce a humorous story, The Vice-Chancellor's Ward, by a new writer, Mr. Christian Tearle.

The book which Viscount Hayashi has written, retelling the story of a heroic Japanese peasant, is just being published by Messrs. Harper.—Professor Walter Raleigh has a volume on Wordsworth coming out at once with Mr. Arnold. It is uniform with his study of Milton.—My Kalendar of Country Delights is a book by Miss Helen Milman (Mrs. Caldwell Crofton) which Mr. Lane is publishing. It is illustrated by Mr. Donald Maxwell.—Mr. Wilfrid Cripps, C.B., has prepared another new edition of his well-known book on Old English Plate. It will be issue by Mr. Murray, with additional illustrations.—Rossetti Papers: 1862 to 1870 is a volume which Mr. W. M. Rossetti has compiled, and which Messrs Sands are to publish.—Messrs. Bell, the well-known publishers, announce that during March there will be an exhibition of their fine-art publications and original drawings at McQueen's Galleries, Haymarket.

Readers of Mr. Basil Lubbock's spirited narrative of his voyage Round the Horn Before the Mast must have been forcibly reminded of the conversation of the crew about school punishments by the correspondence in the newspapers upon the Grenadiers affair. Most of the crew naturally not of the caste of Vere de Vere, vehemently resented what they considered the indignity of a caning or birching, while the only two men on board who were in the conventional sense gentlemen—Mr. Lubbock, himself an Etonian, and another public school man—accepted these things as did their fathers before them, for a natural and wholesome form of discipline. These two public-school men, however were ot discussing the suitability of these proceedings for officers holding the King's Commission in His Majesty's Army.

One is reminded again of a passage in one of Thackeray's letters to Mrs. Brookfield:—I passed Monday night and part of Tuesday in the artless society of the 21st, or Royal Scots Fusiliers in Canterbury. We went to a barrack-room, where we drank out of a silver cup and a glass. I heard such stale old garrison stories. I recognised among the stories many old friends of my youth, very pleasant to meet when one was eighteen, but of whom one is rather shy now. Not so these officers, however; they tell each other the stalest and wickedest old Joe Millers; the jolly greybeaded old majors have no reverence for the beardless ensigns, nor vice versa. I heard of the father and son is the other regiment in Canterbury, the Slashers, if you please, being carried up drunk to bed the night before. Fancy what a life. Some of ours—I don't mean yours, Madam, but I mean mine and others—are not much better, though more civilised.

THE Prince of Wales has just acquired a twenty-two horse-power Daimler motor-car similar in construction to three possessed by the King. The car is nearly sixteen feet long, and has accommodation for seven persons. It will be fitted with a detachable canopy.

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of ***Anæmia, Debility*** *and* ***Convalescence,*** *to* ***young women, children*** *and the* ***aged.*** *Invaluable in hot climates.* DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine **VIN DE SAINT-RAPHAËL** *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The **WARRANTY STAMP** of the **UNION DES FABRICANTS.**
(2) A **METAL SEAL** advertising **CLETEAS.**

CLETEAS *is a* **MELISSA** *and* **MINT** *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.*

SPENCER & C°. Sole Agents for *Madras.* — **PHILLIPS & C°.** Agents in *Bombay.*
PREPARED BY: **CLÉMENT & C°.** *Valence* (Drôme, France).

'HARLENE'
FOR THE **HAIR.**

The very Finest Dressing.
Restores the Hair.
Promotes the Growth.
Arrests the Fall.
Strengthens the Roots.
Preserves the Hair.
Renders it Beautifully Soft.
Removes Dandruff.
Allays all Irritation.

Preserves, Strengthens, and Invigorates Childrens' Hair.

Full description and directions for use in 20 languages supplied with every bottle.

1/-, 2/6, and (triple size) 4/6 per Bottle from Druggists, &c., all over the World.

Edwards' Harlene Co.
High Holborn, London, Eng.

"Never mind baby! It will soon grow now."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWE'S

CHLORODYNE.

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE (late Army Medical Staff) DISCOVERED a REMEDY to denote which he coined the word CHLORODYNE. Dr. Browne is the SOLE INVENTOR, and as the composition of Chlorodyne cannot possibly be discovered by Analysis (organic substances defying elimination), and since the formula has never been published, it is evident that any statement to the effect that a compound is identical with Dr. Browne's Chlorodyne *must be false.*
This caution is necessary, as many persons deceive purchasers by false representations.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See *The Times,* July 13, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,

GENERAL BOARD of HEALTH, London, REPORT that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. GIBBON, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states—"TWO DOSES COMPLETELY CURED ME OF DIARRHŒA.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep, WITHOUT HEADACHE, and invigorates the nervous system when exhausted.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cut short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The IMMENSE SALE of this REMEDY has given risk to many UNSCRUPULOUS IMITATIONS. Be careful to observe Trade Mark. Of all Chemists 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. & 4s. 6d. *SOLE MANUFACTURERS—*

J. T. Davenport, Limited, London.

'DARTRING'
'LANOLINE'
'DARTRING' BRAND

Natural Toilet Preparations.

THE 'Dartring' BRAND appears upon all the original genuine 'Lanoline' Preparations.

'DARTRING' TOILET 'LANOLINE' in small and large collapsible tubes. Makes rough skins smooth and protects delicate complexions from the effects of wind and sun.
'DARTRING' 'LANOLINE' TOILET SOAP is unequalled for cleansing and keeping the skin supple. It never irritates.

Wholesale: 67, Holborn Viaduct, E.C.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.
Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.
"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.
"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S Oil very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.
"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.
"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and therapeutical properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.
WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.
Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.
SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Ltd., 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers the every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of his speech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

THE MORAL.

"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.
Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.
Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.
Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead?
Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS; REMEDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:— It is a safe and immediate remedy, P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard. S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drop.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS & BATLIWALLA & Co.'s CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co., Phillips & Co., Beynon & Co., &c., &c., &c., or from the Sole Manufacturer, Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, Worli, Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

PURE MILK COMBINED WITH WHEAT AND BARLEY MALT.

Full Nourishment, partly predigested. Sterilized.

Horlick's Malted Milk

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS IN ALL CLIMATES.
IN POWDER FORM.
LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD. KEEPS INDEFINITELY. OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

HELP FOR THE HELPLESS.

To-day there are thousands of helpless, crippled, bedridden rheumatics looking out with feverish anxiety for a cure for their sufferings. They have been disappointed so many times that another trial seems almost useless. In **Little's Oriental Balm** has been discovered a true cure for rheumatism. It has secured cases that were supposed to be helpless and beyond the range of medicine.

Mr. N. Bell, Weedsport, N. Y., says:—"For 10 years I suffered from Rheumatism, at times so severe that I could neither walk nor lie down. I used **Little's Oriental Balm** and it cured me completely notwithstanding that my case was chronic and baffled the skill of the best physicians." Sold at 1s. 6d. per box. Of all chemists.

FLATULENCY

Those griping pains in the stomach with flatulency have ceased after I began to take Nature's Herbal Extract. All dyspeptic symptoms have disappeared. I feel better, look better and can relish my food.

A. ELGER,
Manchester, N. Y.

NATURE'S HERBAL EXTRACT
THE CONCENTRATED JUICES OF NATURES REMEDIES ROOTS AND HERBS
CURES DYSPEPSIA

Sold at as12 per bottle. Of all chemists.

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FIRST CLASS BILLIARD TABLES.
FIRST CLASS MATERIALS,
FIRST CLASS DESIGNS,
FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP
BILLIARD BALLS and CUES—a Speciality
Our Billiard and Bagatelle Tables have, for years past, established A REPUTATION
Among lovers of a good game on
A GOOD TABLE.
PRICES MODERATE.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
900, PAREL ROAD, BOMBAY.

BUSINESS ESTABLISHED 1815.

DADABHOY BOMANJEE,
CARRIAGE BUILDER,
799 & 801, GIRGAUM ROAD, GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

Prize Gold and Silver Medals and Diplomas of Meri awarded at the Bombay Horse and Carriage Show, 1900.

SOLE AGENT to Messrs. C. S. WINDOVER & Co., Limited, London.

Carriages of every description and of the latest fashion built to order and warranted of the very best seasoned materials and of the highest class of workmanship with all the latest improvements.

CARRIAGES Lined, Painted and Repaired.

REPAIRS executed with the greatest possible care and attention.

A varied stock of very fashionable New and Second hand English-built Carriages of all the latest designs always on hand for sale.

New and Secondhand Carriages Sold on Commission and Warehoused.

Rupture Cured.

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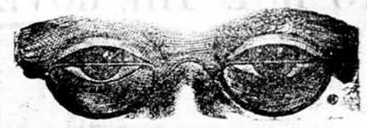

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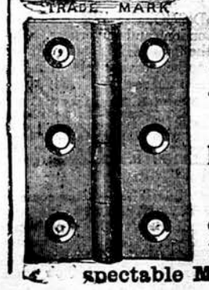

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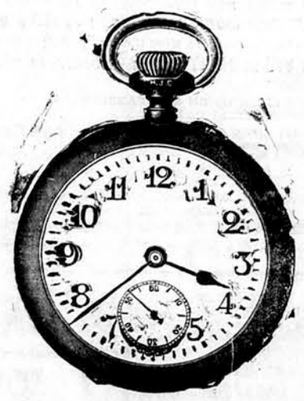

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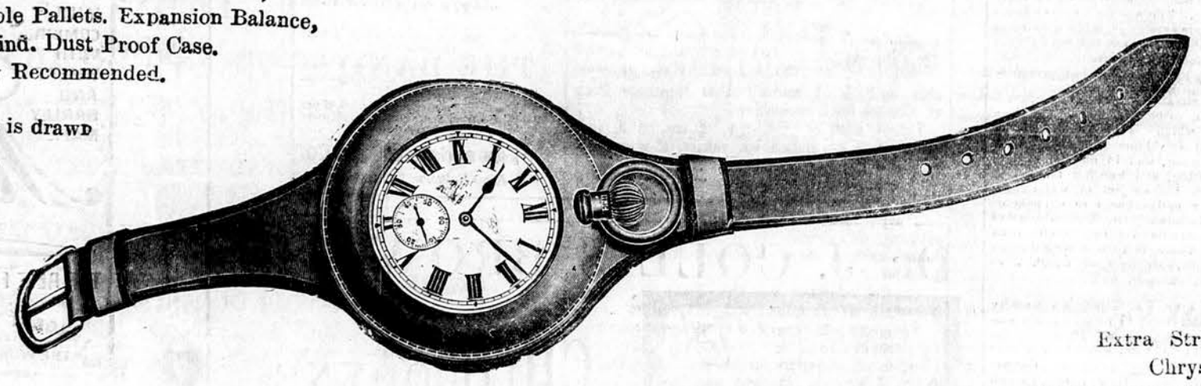

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